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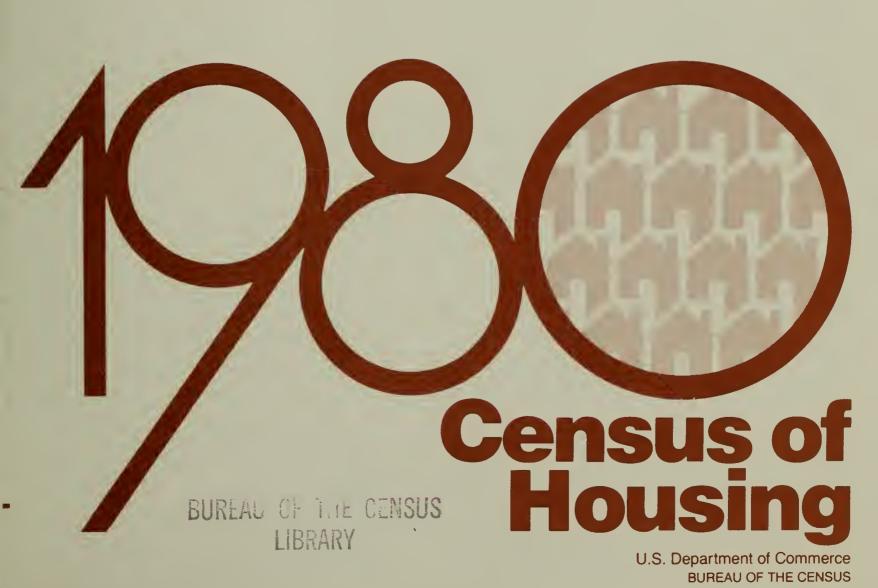
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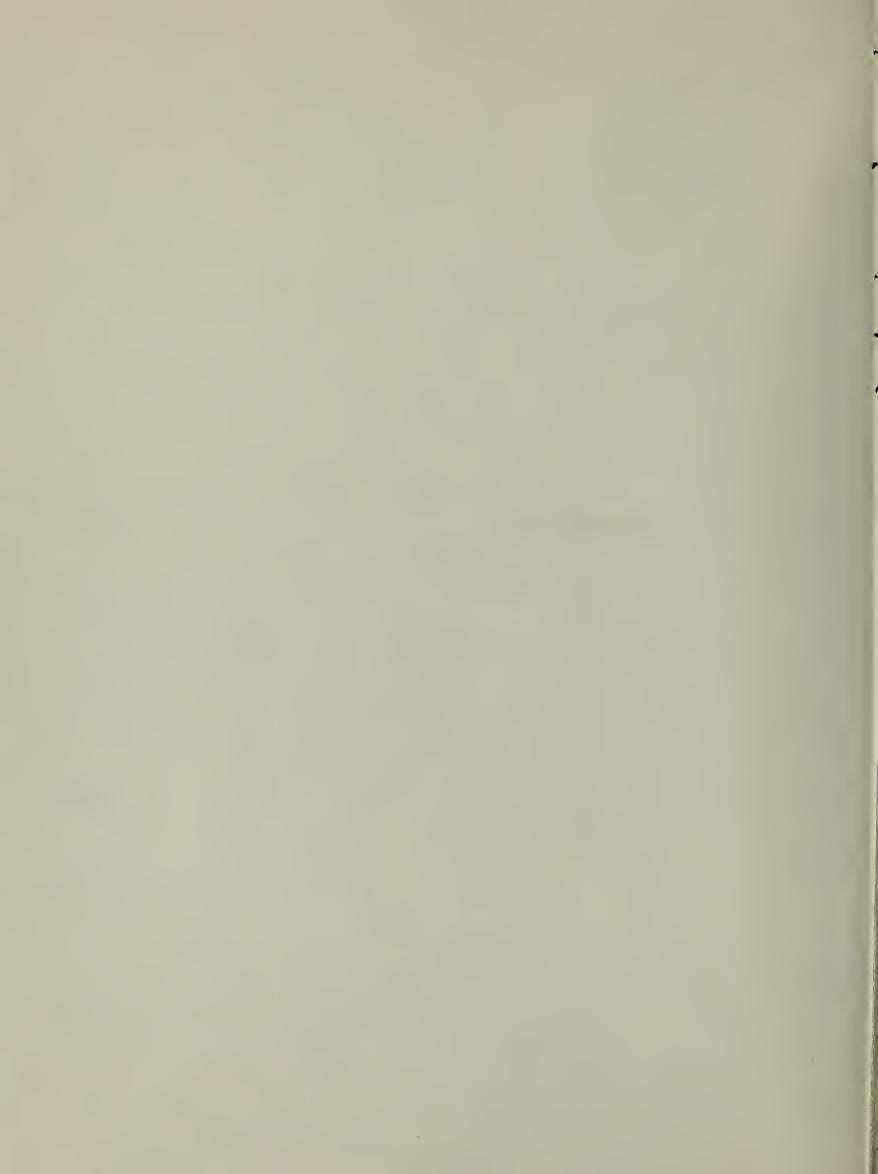
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## Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

JOPLIN, MO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







**VOLUME 2** 

### **Data Index**

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# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

JOPLIN, MO.

HC80-2-197

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for **Economic Affairs** 

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** 

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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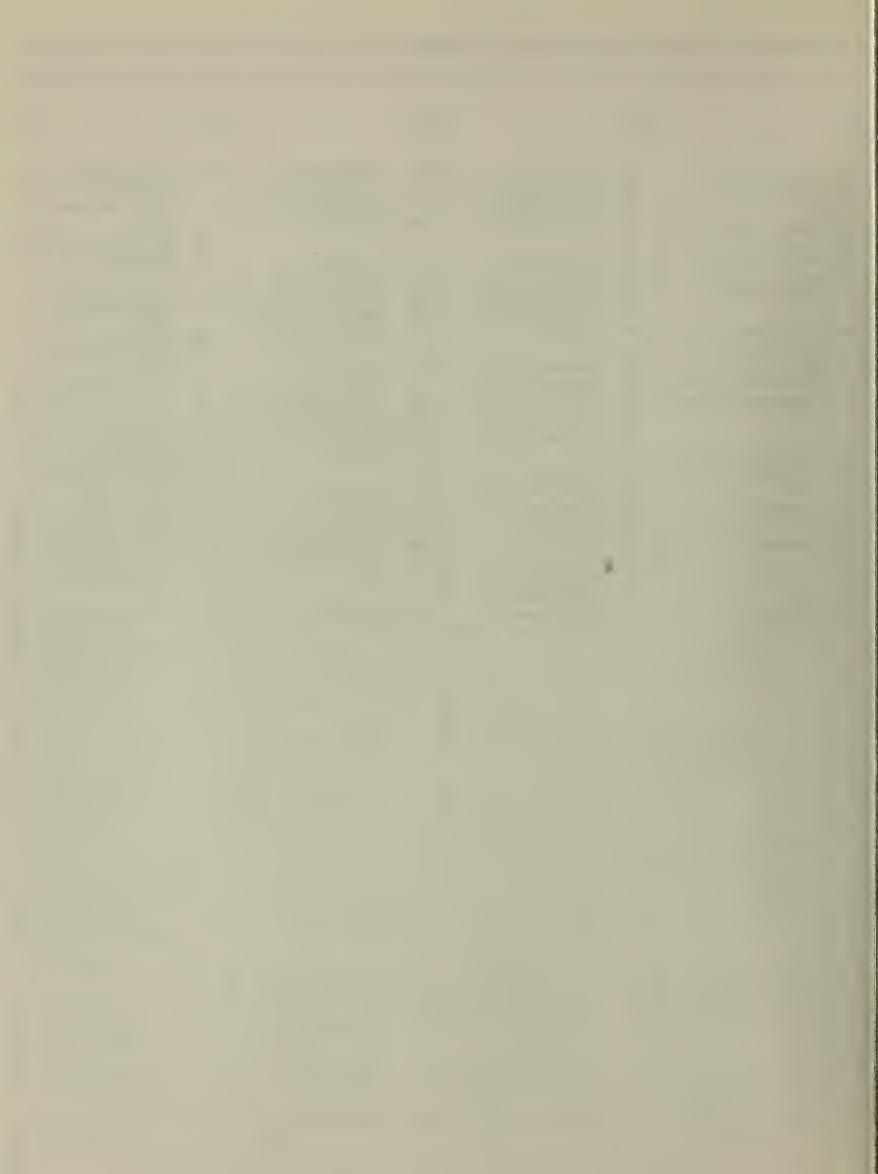
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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

#### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are

presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

### DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

### SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

### SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

### JOPLIN, MO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-197

#### Contents

#### Arrangement of Tables

This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	X
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, Independent City, and Other Selected Places	XIV

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter	Tables 1-13 Total	Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin	
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	
SMSA total Joplin	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	_	_	=	_	_	

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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### Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1		3	_ 4	_ 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS  Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- -	_ _ _	_ 5 _	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value			<u>-</u>		5 -	6 -
monthly owner costs	- -	-	3	- -	_ 5	- 6
Contract rent	- - -	_ _ _	-	4 4 -	- - -	= =
household income	_	2	- 3	4	_	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 -	4 - -	5 - -	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

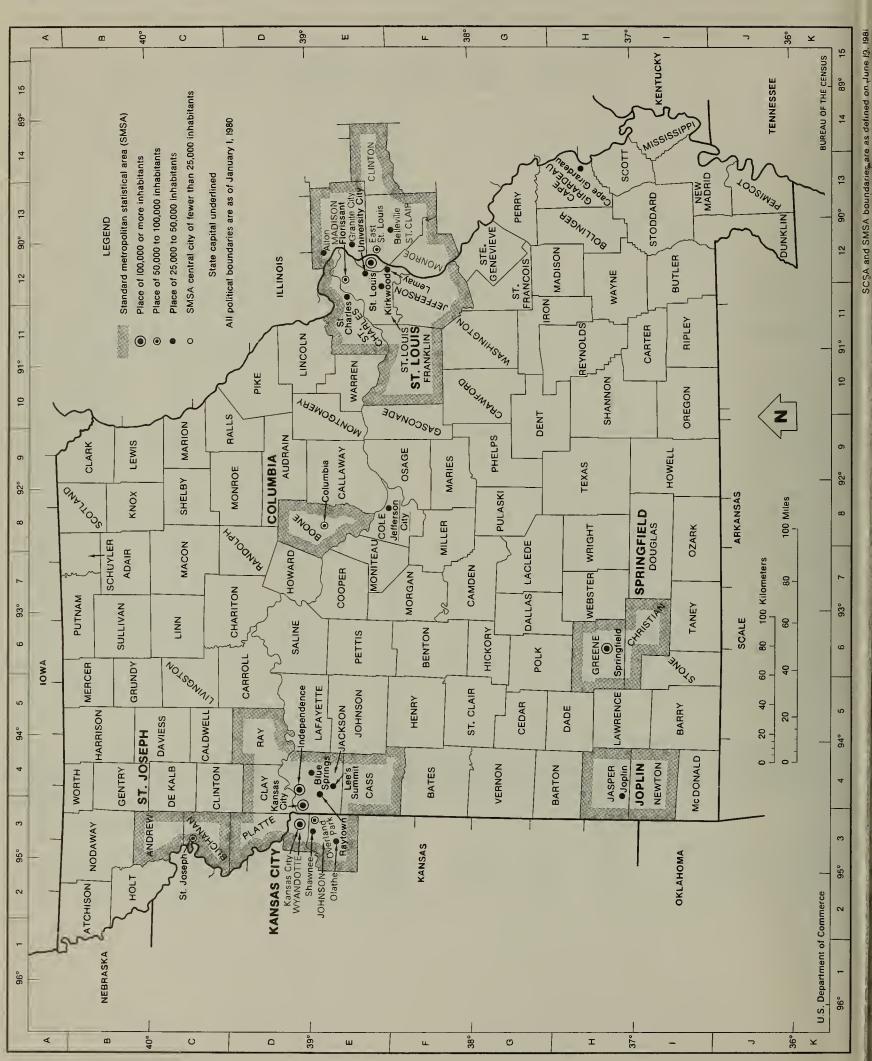
Income and

Income and

### Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	_ _	_ _	-	_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	99	- 10 - -	- - -	12 - 12 12	13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	- - -	9 -	- - - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 –
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 — 7 —	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	1111	12 - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	_ _	- -	9 –	-		_ 12	=
monthly owner costs	- - -	- -	9	- - -	11 11 -	- -	-
Gross rent		_ _ _	9 -	- -	11 -	_ 12	_ _
household income			9	10			, –
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of							
householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	9 9	- - -	- 11 11	 _ _	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_	- -
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	- - -	_ _ _

# Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, Independent City, and Other Selected Places



#### CORRECTION NOTE

Corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units have been made to some of the areas shown in this report. These corrections can be found in the correction note in PC80-1-A1, Number of Inhabitants, United States Summary; the PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics; HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics individual State reports and the United States Summary.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



### Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	25 986	2 865	6 116	5 968	4 301	2 682	1 714	1 408	501	347	84	26 300	31 700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  65 years and over	18 106 805 3 908 3 465 6 558 3 370 1 852 65 340 287 491 669 6 028 322 431 1 801 3 416 53.6	1 357 64 142 173 567 411 371 - 20 45 102 204 1 137 12 46 347 732 63.8	3 592 189 681 500 1 262 960 587 25 94 76 135 257 7 937 24 83 94 514 1 222 60.3	4 084 279 912 736 1 339 818 400 20 100 64 96 120 1 484 95 124 95 462 777 52.9	3 302 166 858 649 1 165 464 195 30 804 	2 188 43 524 463 852 306 176 51 31 46 48 318 20 38 143 111	1 528 45 378 281 598 226 36 4 2 2 2 2 150 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 2 6 6 22 2 2 4 4 4 4	1 201 8 304 341 419 129 54 2 14 12 26 - 153 20 62 58 44.7	458 - 58 171 201 28 25 - 10 - 13 2 18 6 5 7	324 11 48 129 116 20 2 2 - - - 2 1 6 6 6	72 3 22 39 8 6 - - - 6 6 6	30 100 26 200 32 200 34 300 30 800 22 700 19 000 21 500 20 700 13 700 19 600 21 800 25 600 27	35 400 27 600 36 100 42 000 36 200 28 100 24 400 25 400 25 500 26 600 19 600 24 500 28 600 32 100 24 500 24 300 24 300 20 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 139 7 200 4 425 5 132 6 090	217 441 398 659 1 150	528 1 319 999 1 252 2 018	673 1 726 995 1 198 1 376	577 1 324 835 747 818	410 935 454 552 331	269 558 339 315 233	246 550 244 283 85	112 196 87 78 28	84 129 65 39 30	23 22 9 9 21	32 300 30 800 27 700 24 800 19 300	39 200 36 200 32 500 30 000 23 600
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or mare rooms Median	789 4 506 8 633 6 400 3 067 2 591 5.4	363 1 083 982 294 62 81 4.5	242 1 920 2 463 1 055 296 140 4.9	110 1 017 2 502 1 500 602 237 5.2	34 253 1 616 1 444 576 378 5.7	27 116 678 1 032 525 304 6.0	10 59 248 634 385 378 6.4	3 41 112 349 430 473 7.0	19 72 131 279 7.9	12 20 48 267 8.5+	17 1 1 - 12 54 8.5+	10 800 15 700 23 000 32 400 40 000 53 300	15 000 18 900 25 000 34 300 43 800 61 200
BEDROOMS  None	50 1 325 9 873 12 060 2 328 350	26 573 1 609 554 84 19	17 487 3 813 1 531 247 21	169 2 557 2 873 321 48	2 53 1 062 2 708 423 53	5 33 444 1 945 236 19	- 8 209 1 184 299 14	- 2 126 893 318 69	24 230 208 39	- 11 130 147 59	- 18 12 45 9	10000— 11 300 18 500 33 600 43 500 61 000	15 600 14 400 21 700 36 900 52 800 64 400
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 599 2 635 3 925 3 871 3 098 9 858	49 39 81 221 413 2 062	120 200 407 658 1 097 3 634	366 636 784 1 189 859 2 134	449 635 877 908 401 1 031	467 423 724 421 162 485	397 291 455 234 103 234	399 269 402 164 51 123	203 79 131 46 6 36	123 53 47 30 5 89	26 10 17 - 1 30	47 600 36 400 37 700 28 100 20 300 17 300	53 000 41 900 41 400 31 800 23 300 22 200
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	3 889 4 834 2 439 2 229 4 402 3 004 3 325 1 201 663 \$14 554 \$17 040	1 192 785 268 231 219 106 48 16 - \$6 266 \$8 291	1 485 1 661 708 517 953 445 278 64 5 \$9 712 \$11 209	750 1 303 815 611 1 177 704 478 88 42 \$12 975 \$14 322	274 609 377 461 925 627 790 176 62 \$16 981 \$18 712	90 280 149 228 583 464 624 187 77 \$20 106 \$21 687	50 139 53 117 276 296 508 202 73 \$23 775 \$25 217	40 31 45 52 197 244 379 288 132 \$27 121 \$29 943	2 17 8 3 46 72 137 128 88 \$32 389 \$37 475	6 3 16 9 15 35 73 52 138 \$40 908 \$50 041	-66	14 400 19 800 22 200 25 900 28 600 33 100 41 200 52 900 70 100	17 600 22 500 24 800 28 000 32 000 37 900 44 700 54 700 84 000
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 30 to 34 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 35 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	13 855 5 087 3 021 2 064 1 230 635 1 720 98 18.0 12 131 5 574 2 506 1 376 1 005 618 295 680 77 10.9	687 206 142 54 73 35 177 19.8 2 178 767 428 383 262 133 58 130 17 13.7	2 363 941 456 299 185 362 17.5 3 753 1 520 440 337 275 115 266 29 12.2	3 342 1 160 808 519 287 168 385 15 18.1 2 626 1 110 631 269 223 157 57 148 31 11.5	2 801 1 103 561 453 258 116 310 - 17.7 1 500 827 289 132 109 30 39 74	1 791 693 392 272 145 78 198 13 17.5 891 511 186 89 31 17 20 37	1 159 394 314 193 75 59 116 8 17.9 555 381 27 6 6 6	1 082 373 216 170 131 67 97 28 18.6 326 242 59 16 -	363 149 79 53 37 15 28 2 17.0 138 97 33 - 8 - -	227 55 53 36 33 9 41 - 20.8 120 90 90 22 6 2 - -	40 13  15 6  22.3 44 29  6  10-	31 700 31 700 31 600 33 400 32 400 31 800 27 900 41 700 20 700 15 900 16 100 17 800 17 800 17 000	36 700 36 000 36 600 39 200 39 100 33 600 39 900 30 600 25 800 20 500 21 000 21 000 21 000 20 500 20 500 20 500 20 500 20 500
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	25 677 444 309 49 25 981 20 372 18 177 7 383 2 950 11.4	2 649 64 216 47 2 863 1 006 1 085 74 918 32.0	6 056 168 60 2 6 113 4 033 3 510 495 1 094 17.9	5 964 127 4 - 5 968 4 996 4 152 1 017 525 8.8	4 290 33 11 4 301 3 935 3 340 1 363 214 5.0	2 664 38 18 - 2 682 2 526 2 326 1 427 104 3.9	1 714 14 - 1 714 1 618 1 556 1 086 42 2.5	1 408 	501 - - 501 479 479 449 2 0.4	347 	84 - - - 84 78 76 59 - -	26 500 19 200 10000— 10000— 26 300 30 300 30 900 45 500 14 400	32 000 21 600 12 000 7 700 31 700 35 600 36 300 50 400 18 300

### Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimot	es posed ou o	somple, see in	noduction. To	i meoning or s	symbols, see ii	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	n deminions of	Terms, see of	pendixes A dife		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-accupied housing units	11 472	1 667	2 767	2 788	1 908	877	422	133	99	55	756	166
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	4 705	176	956	1 249	952	507	292	108	78	55	332	192
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	1 357 1 570	46 35	383 231	449 422	283 377	100 233	28 145	13 37 30	13 15	17	42 58	173 208
35 to 44 years	668 813 297	14 46 35	87 128 127	151 201 26	148 121 23	73 82 19	71 46	22 6	13 37	17 21	64 109 59	215 195 133
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 169 675	446 55	544 175	<b>520</b> 215	341 154	113	<b>42</b> 19	12	7		144 28	151 173
25 to 34 years35 to 44 years	620 233	82 25	155 57	190 42	94 46	58 5	1 15	6	3 4	-	31 38	158
45 to 64 years65 years and over	348 293	108 176	117 40	46 27	33 14	21	5 2	5	_	-	13 34	167 120 84 <b>142</b> 149
15 to 24 years	4 598 798	1 <b>045</b>	1 267 312	1 019 205	615 139 176	<b>257</b> 22 70	88	13	14	<u>-</u>	280 28	142 149
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	933 402 874	54 35 184	208 73 275	343   121   159	85 158	68 33	41 15 10	5 2	11 - 3	-	26 - 50	182 190 137
65 years and over	1 591 34.1	696 66.6	399 33.2	191 29.3	57 30.2	64 <b>32.3</b>	8 33.4	36.0	39.7	40.4	176 <b>52.2</b>	101
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	( 224	450	1 274	1 (00	1 050	570	20.4	100	00	45	240	
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	6 334 3 355 789	652 531 212	1 374 888 226	1 680 826 169	1 253 567 41	578 216 40	324 98	108	80	45 10	240 187 99	181 158 129
1960 to 1969	648 346	177 95	238	60	47 -	43	_	-	6	-	77	118
ROOMS	001	00	45	2	1,				·			
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	201 694 2 647	98 343 769	65 207 982	8 79 520	16 56 226	2 - 52	- 2	Ξ	-	-	12 9 95	97 100
4 rooms5 rooms	3 530 2 568	329 89	873 424	1 062 798	678	269	118 132	28 33	16	14	172 198	126 172 194
6 rooms	1 193 639	31	152 64	256 65	538 261 133	326 150 78	109 60	33 37 35	16	5 36	176 94	213 252
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.1	3.0	3.6	4.2	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.6	7.3	6.9	5.0	•••
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	11 472	1 667	2 767	2 788	1 908	877	422	133	99	55	756	166
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	11 159 6 993	1 503 1 298	2 714 1 735	2 755 1 562	1 902 990	870 518	422 211	133 53	99 52	45 32	716	168 156
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 805 259	199 2	860 65	1 068 103	856 50	331 19	201 5	76 4	47 -	13	542 154 11	187 184 129
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	102 313	164	54 53	22 33	6	2 7	5 -	_		10	9 40	129 87
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	115 124 42	53 63 28	12 36	12 14	0	_	_	_	-	10	20 13	87 91 92 92 68
1.51 or more	32	20	5	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	7	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	2 990 2 825 173	820 730 3	832 800 52	624 608 59	<b>321</b> 321 32	88 88 8	<b>39</b> 39 5	9	<b>20</b> 20	8	229 202 14	130 134 167
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	165	90 34	32	16 6	- -	-	-	-	_		27	74 68
BEDROOMS	344	144	100	20	20						10	
None	344 3 835 4 859	144 1 173 301	128 1 331 1 019	30 844 1 424	28 321 1 001	37 552	6 193	_ _ 43	- - 7	10	12 123 309	105 126 184
3 4	2 031 369	44 5	243 46	430	439 109	552 237 49	192	43 81 9	58 18	35 10	272 38	184 217 230
5 or moreUNITS IN STRUCTURE	34	-	-	6	10	-	-	-	16	-	2	312
1, detached or attached	6 350 913	518 116	1 403 241	1 579 249	1 232 131	507 82	280 38	93 13	93	45	600 37	179 160
3 ond 45 to 9	1 135 665	345 208	418 224	244 88	68 36	82 28 69	15 32 32	6	-	_	11 8	126 133 170
10 to 49	1 174 507	222 218	254 78	331 71	218 70	93 48	14	9	_	-	15	120 1
Mobile home or troiler, etc YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	728	40	149	226	153	50	11	8		10	81	181
1975 to March 1980	1 324 1 217	380 216	219 155	186 248	221 206	112 182	106 70	22 20 30	12 21	9 8	57 91	156 191
1960 to 1969	1 512 1 636	87 108	229 327	393 536	319 353	176 126	116 51 58	30 41 17	45 4	32	85 86	201 183
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 032 3 751	225 651	492 1 345	608 817	416 393	117 164	58 21	3	11	2	91 346	170 140
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	11 066	1 425	2 656	2 751 37	1 899	877	422	133	99	55	749	169
4 or moreWith elevator	406 378	242 236	111 96	37 37	9	=	_	_	-	-	7	80 77
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	2 318 1 709	422 211	727 349	630 504	302 345	125 170	81 78	12 29 29 29 22	13 12	11		151 175
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 846 1 264 784	307 264 131	502 267 202	408 291 157	337 241 148	150 108 69	91 57 47	29 22 8	22 14 15	- - 7	:::	164 169 166
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	1 178 1 464	223 60	266 427	286 464	232 278	122 133	47 31 36	11 22	20	7 24		174   175
Not computed	909 23.4	49 22.9	27 22.9	48 22.9	25 24.4	24.8	1 22.8	24.4	3 25.4	45.0	756 	150
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	11 464	1 661	2 767	2 788	1 906	877	422	133	99	55	756	166
Central heating systemAir conditioning	8 265 6 029	1 068 <b>871</b>	1 674 1 054	2 003 1 372	1 574 1 107	788 <b>607</b>	406 <b>349</b>	128 101	89 <b>89</b>	55 55 41 25	480 <b>43</b> 8	180
Central system	2 688	526	302	396	536	392	243	63	79	25	126	206

### Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Total	Less then \$5,000	\$5,000 to	\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in
25 731		\$9,999	to \$12,499	to \$14, <b>9</b> 99	\$19, <b>99</b> 9	to \$24,999	te \$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	1979 below poverty level
33 /31	5 361	6 750	3 424	3 208	6 012	3 999	4 416	1 668	893	14 316	16 954	4 291
25 467 1 121 5 113 4 993 9 425 4 815 2 714 105 457 393 772 987 7 550 106 411 548 2 302 4 183 53.3	1 381 54 152 109 423 643 743 38 73 139 493 3 237 34 80 89 642 2 392 70.4	3 974 174 405 300 1 117 1 978 597 34 599 52 178 274 2 179 46 152 101 774 1 106 64.9	2 460 173 522 353 821 591 349 15 94 86 68 615 22 22 65 90 189 249 52.0	2 555 202 607 392 916 438 199 8 8 35 20 73 63 454 2 2 58 60 203 131 50.2	5 075 326 1 413 1 078 1 791 467 381 40 129 78 103 31 556 - 37 104 297 118 43.3	3 659 140 952 1 055 1 260 252 160 8 41 16 72 23 180 - 14 36 82 48 42.2	4 029 39 831 1 022 1 930 207 180 29 61 86 4 207 2 5 5 3 68 79	1 515 6 150 454 766 139 68  23 7 17 21 85  9 35	819 7 81 230 401 100 37 - 18 10 37 - 6 12 19 49,6	17 146 14 474 17 957 21 089 18 900 9 433 10 122 13 594 15 079 12 078 12 006 6 054 7 262 9 256 12 333 8 180 4 597	19 918 14 714 19 248 23 991 22 299 12 956 12 545 12 781 16 124 13 988 15 278 8 543 6 906 9 536 14 141 10 344 6 763	1 631 83 307 275 499 467 475 7 46 64 90 268 2 185 43 89 106 502 1 445
4 400 9 717 6 295 6 918 8 401	364 774 795 1 213 2 215	758 1 402 1 047 1 344 2 199	463 1 102 607 540 712	437 1 040 495 558 678	869 1 917 1 201 1 057 968	535 1 412 766 759 527	639 1 333 900 876 668	150 532 304 396 286	185 205 180 175 148	15 824 16 365 15 783 14 122 9 454	18 512 18 643 17 864 17 231 13 275	429 869 717 854 1 422
35 192 675 539 63 35 726 26 286 23 802 9 552 31 0 702 22 769 35 708 25 645 3 381 135 3 057 5.4	5 098 66 263 22 5 358 2 890 2 566 493 3 736 6 11 1 125 5 358 3 746 904 152 19 537 4.7	6 644 53 106 22 6 748 4 391 3 848 969 6 247 3 384 2 863 6 748 4 563 1 179 356 44 606 5.0	3 344 779 80 6 3 424 2 475 2 055 738 3 367 1 308 2 059 3 424 2 193 590 274 11 356 5.2	3 186 79 22  3 208 2 265 2 126 657 3 176 883 2 293 3 208 1 947 588 334 17 322 5.3	6 000 205 12 2 6 012 4 730 4 264 1 634 5 993 1 272 4 721 6 012 3 817 927 733 13 522 5.5	3 969 80 30 3 3 999 3 350 1 518 3 985 3 519 3 999 2 529 533 557	4 401 67 15 8 4 416 3 867 3 623 1 970 4 412 474 3 938 4 416 2 988 572 585 30 241 6.1	1 657 40 11 - 1 668 1 521 1 448 989 1 668 209 1 459 1 668 1 102 250 246 - 70 6.5	893 6 - 893 808 822 584 887 795 792 893 603 102 144 - 24 7.2	14 470 16 155 5 285 6 827 14 318 16 073 16 392 20 891 15 156 8 926 18 049 14 318 14 108 13 136 18 923 11 023 12 729	17 083 17 435 8 526 10 261 16 956 18 714 19 210 24 279 17 788 11 431 20 776 16 956 16 982 15 803 21 270 12 981 14 288	4 082 128 209 42 4 291 2 258 1 939 469 3 113 1 750 1 363 4 291 2 714 812 195 18 552 4.7
25 986	3 889	4 834	2 439	2 229	4 402	3 004	3 325	1 201	663	14 554	17 040	2 950
13 855 4 365 2 655 2 623 1 613 1 057 600 253 130 \$248 12 131 1 090 3 464 1 963 855 616 146 87 \$83	814 465 165 80 43 7 22 17 6 9 \$187 3 075 623 1 314 732 281 50 67 2 67	1 564 809 327 205 99 64 40 12 8 - \$197 3 270 303 1 351 955 401 136 105 13 6 \$75	\$259 568 276 170 123 81 40 1 - \$211 1 180 48 383 409 180 117 35 2 6 \$85	1 348 541 277 172 174 56 90 29 - 9 \$224 881 69 229 318 156 52 49 6	3 036 928 682 572 371 203 179 71 20 10 \$243 1 366 32 308 476 297 158 79 2	2 183 468 488 327 314 238 188 112 34 14 \$271 821 13 161 225 245 65 70 36 6 \$101	2 407 450 329 360 334 308 345 198 80 3 \$310 918 2 126 267 237 164 91 26 5	823 115 82 89 130 88 160 87 46 26 \$348 378 	421 21 29 48 25 12 95 73 59 \$9 \$469 242  13 20 45 23 60 39 42 \$167	18 023 14 032 16 682 17 933 19 864 22 109 24 782 26 124 27 750 35 187  9 495 4 600 7 006 10 275 14 415 17 385 17 823 30 745 33 357	20 296 15 286 17 794 19 665 21 374 22 598 28 932 31 792 39 332 50 318  13 321 5 901 1 805 20 555 24 182 43 877 49 247	908 439 189 94 90 31 24 20 12 9 \$204 <b>2 042</b> 444 841 466 189 37 57 4 4
13 855 5 087 2 064 1 230 98 18.0 12 131 5 574 2 506 1 376 1 005 618 295 680	814 2 8 21 3 21 661 98 50+ 3 075 63 277 594 658 493 256 657	30.8 3 270 727 1 353 680 337 117	1 259 112 315 340 182 130 180 - 23.0 1 180 652 447 71 4 -	1 348 268 387 275 190 103 125 - 20.3 881 650 212 11 6	3 036 1 080 873 587 285 116 95 - 17.5 1 366 1 211 141 8 - 6	2 183 1 084 552 322 142 41 	2 407 1 430 593 269 92 18 5 - 13.6 918 904 14 - -	823 670 107 30 13 - 11.3 378 378 - - -	421 356 40 11 12 - 10— 242 242 - - -	18 023 24 533 18 345 16 321 14 066 11 760 6 494 2500— 9 495 17 514 8 375 5 478 4 365 3 935 3 800 2500—	20 296 28 471 20 159 17 452 15 264 12 486 7 484 -1 260  13 321 21 646 9 126 5 905 4 631 4 005 3 576 2 623	908 7 17 35 37 26 688 98 50 + 2 042 85 103 239 406 354 197 581
3 300 31030	1 121 5 121 5 121 5 121 5 121 5 121 5 121 6 193 9 425 4 193 9 425 4 193 9 425 4 105 4 393 772 7 550 6 106 6 295 6 9 717 6 295 6 8 401 8 401 8 53.3 8 53.3 8 4 400 9 717 6 295 6 8 401 8 401 8 5 675 5 69 8 5 605 8 10 702 8 202 8 3 381 8 3 381 8 3 3 381 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 121	1 121	1 121	1 121	1 121	1 121	1 121	1121	1 121	1 121	1 121

### Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

					Ho	usehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	12 705	3 538	3 677	1 584	1 062	1 525	733	406	149	31	8 756	10 415	3 275
Married-ccuple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 64 years  35 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Medion age	5 546 1 451 1 849 803 1 043 400 2 337 703 683 254 386 311 4 822 820 967 440 930 1 665 34.6	570 210 85 69 81 125 658 139 114 62 129 224 2 300 330 287 74 367 1 242 59.2	1 430 502 355 135 276 162 720 264 229 53 114 60 1 527 318 387 178 333 311 32.1	793 215 318 85 139 36 341 119 32 60 9 450 100 120 73 110 47 30.3	650 159 254 128 86 23 154 50 53 34 10 7 258 87 32 78 87 32 29 31.0	1 092 238 454 174 193 33 246 72 105 22 38 9 187 26 58 18 60 25 31.8	601 101 241 135 115 9 78 14 33 10 19 2 54 8 15 6 16 9	285 22 108 61 82 12 93 34 21 34 4 - 28 - 22 - 6	98 	27 4 5 2 16 - - - - - 4 4 - - - - - - - - - - - -	12 437 10 157 14 139 14 697 13 241 6 705 8 327 8 994 9 963 10 938 7 845 3 881 5 286 7 174 9 000 6 256 3 926	13 926 11 173 15 046 15 548 16 558 8 617 9 915 10 285 10 980 12 655 9 496 5 021 6 620 6 611 8 163 9 280 7 583 4 489	815 251 195 129 141 99 472 101 104 62 79 126 1 988 342 342 117 356 831
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 813 3 697 942 730 523	1 779 917 315 291 236	2 019 997 301 223 137	897 502 103 61 21	590 337 65 46 24	792 574 49 40 70	408 217 61 37 10	227 116 27 23 13	78 31 21 7 12	23 6 - 2 -	8 971 9 651 7 706 6 516 5 768	10 629 10 815 9 659 8 698 8 574	1 782 829 262 219 183
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 333 7 680 4 219 324 110 372 139 147 52 34	3 326 2 644 648 25 9 212 92 64 29 27	3 571 2 276 1 143 102 50 106 37 61 6	1 565 896 604 44 21 19	1 039 507 479 45 8 23 10 5	1 515 762 689 50 14 10 -	731 315 363 45 8 2 	<b>406</b> 186 212 8	149 73 71 5 - - -	31 21 10 - - - - - -	8 927 7 358 11 318 11 989 9 643 4 177 5 660 4 250 2500—	10 573 9 252 12 794 13 002 10 486 5 197 4 109 6 334 5 666 4 012	3 056 1 924 959 108 65 219 79 76 35 29
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	12 695 8 675 6 446 2 760 10 557 5 885 4 672 12 695 9 564 1 155 1 343 49 584 4.2	3 532 2 270 1 659 910 1 952 1 554 3 98 3 532 2 753 274 374 	3 675 2 357 1 653 3 228 2 215 1 013 3 675 2 845 282 344 20 184 4.1	1 584 1 157 812 294 1 537 893 644 1 584 1 250 111 157 4 62 4.4	1 062 736 532 172 1 025 449 576 1 062 771 124 104 8 555 4.6	1 525 1 103 963 366 1 502 468 1 034 1 525 1 061 174 176 5	733 564 420 170 730 218 512 733 507 101 98 5 22 5.0	404 330 273 122 406 62 344 404 250 67 61 7	149 133 107 59 146 26 120 149 99 22 26 —————————————————————————————	31 25 27 15 31 - 31 28 - 3 - 5.4	8 760 9 319 9 720 8 392 10 160 8 038 13 720 8 760 8 430 10 484 9 336 12 656 9 468	10 416 11 022 11 531 11 225 11 677 8 870 15 213 10 416 9 993 12 081 11 811 11 811 13 821 10 564	3 273 1 998 1 389 678 2 063 1 488 575 3 273 2 559 271 274 4 165 3.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	11 472	3 269	3 364	1 448	934	1 321	638	338	129	31	8 562	10 252	2 990
CONTRACT RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	3 612 3 498 2 290 868 298 62 32 44 12 756 \$123	1 712 814 372 85 21 5 3 8 - 249 \$89	1 072 1 220 678 153 26 11 - 3 2 199 \$118	294 458 432 122 27 2 - 4 - 109 \$137	179 344 231 88 28 - - - 10 54 \$134	209 371 369 216 47 12 8 5 - 84 \$153	100 173 156 110 42 14 8 7 - 28 \$156	31 83 42 61 77 12 8 - 24 \$201	15 26 10 28 21 6 5 11 7 \$230	- 9 - 5 9 - - 6 - 2 \$251	5 353 8 796 10 550 14 602 20 000 20 357 21 786 20 714 13 500 7 989	7 036 10 088 11 134 15 641 24 266 20 164 23 142 25 571 12 785 9 697	1 407 838 395 72 27 11 3 8 - 229 \$98
GROSS RENT	·			·									
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	1 667 2 767 2 788 1 908 877 422 133 99 55 756 \$166	1 134 895 594 274 64 37 - 14 8 249 \$119	376 1 100 909 519 204 22 9 2 199 \$155	49 298 455 347 127 48 11 - 4 109 \$188	23 194 234 252 111 43 13 - 10 54 \$197	45 186 355 313 170 114 26 21 7 84 \$205	21 57 164 140 124 53 20 24 7 28 \$217	15 21 58 46 50 69 37 18 - 24 \$275	4 16 14 13 27 22 4 11 11 11 7 \$275	- 5 4 - 12 - 2 6 2 \$323	4 045 6 775 9 437 11 160 13 480 18 489 18 472 20 859 16 250 7 989	5 146 7 954 10 360 11 879 14 591 22 096 19 611 21 410 23 459 9 697	820 832 624 321 88 39 9 20 8 229 \$130
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Less than 15 percent	2 318 1 709 1 846 1 264 784 1 178 1 464 909 23.4	36 105 273 319 244 571 1 319 402 47.1	296 369 769 611 411 578 131 199 26.2	235 390 391 204 93 22 4 109 20.6	274 308 195 79 14  10 54	668 340 164 43 15 7 - 84 14.5	424 123 48 8 7 - - 28 12.9	245 63 6 - - 24 11.9	111  - - - 7	29 - - - - - - 2 10—	16 997 12 439 9 213 7 686 6 529 5 104 2 770 6 172	19 172 13 221 9 709 7 804 6 752 5 093 2 919 7 939	55 91 236 220 204 576 1 226 382 47.9

### Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 855	4 365	2 655	2 023	1 613	1 057	1 159	600	253	130	248
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	1 283 3 814 3 014 3 497 1 509 457 221 60 3.11	716 1 503 855 801 369 73 46 2 2.48	186 709 542 745 366 61 36 10 3.30	147 618 502 460 210 66 4 16 2.99	99 352 401 435 188 42 67 29 3.39	52 263 199 318 97 96 32 - 3.55	61 208 289 380 130 68 20 3	20 106 156 208 65 34 11	2 44 47 86 61 8 5 - 3.89	11 23 64 23 9 -	189 228 261 272 255 334 318 303
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over  Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	11 287 738 3 581 2 896 3 576 496 790 46 274 166 254 50 1 778 36 280 330 771 361 40.2	3 156 229 737 658 1 287 245 245 279 17 56 35 148 23 930 18 73 111 466 262 47.7	2 173 157 717 567 659 73 144 14 57 40 21 12 338 	1 691 146 520 339 616 70 115 7 60 39 9 217 4 49 54 86 24	1 382 99 520 387 333 43 88 6 30 18 19 15 143 2 38 54 35 14	906 49 363 265 200 29 95 - 60 15 20 - 56 6 14 12 22 22 35.9	1 056 34 375 351 279 17 53 2 9 10 32 	563 9 244 151 142 17 7 - 2 5 30 3 5 5 13 37.2	243 8 73 115 46 1 2 - - 8 6 6 - - 2 2	117 7 32 63 14 1 7 - - - 7 - - 6 6 - - - 37.5	259 245 282 283 238 202 240 221 270 260 182 208 196 225 241 231 185 165
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 519 5 520 2 898 2 192 726	393 1 310 1 006 1 190 466	329 1 068 739 374 145	401 839 453 269 61	338 855 266 134 20	333 488 155 64 17	327 533 181 113 5	204 292 69 31 4	128 87 15 17 6	66 48 14 - 2	320 273 230 193 179
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms  4 rooms  5 rooms  6 rooms  7 rooms  8 or more rooms Medion	214 1 560 4 376 3 836 1 953 1 916 5.7	150 913 1 778 1 013 302 209 5.1	23 317 1 121 722 294 178 5.4	21 167 652 659 313 211 5.8	6 78 407 575 313 234 6.0	11 38 215 305 256 232 6.4	27 126 407 242 357 6.6	3 18 67 105 152 255 7.2	2 10 42 53 146 7.7	8 8 28 94 8.5	170 184 218 264 311 377
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980	2 121 2 153 2 537 2 055 1 582 3 407	236 290 662 817 735 1 625	245 542 529 417 358 564	265 342 474 357 166 419	276 343 336 205 131 322	238 238 212 91 86	399 237 198 94 45 186	242 118 76 61 44 59	152 37 31 7 17	68 6 19 6 - 31	358 286 258 225 208 207
VALUE  Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Median	687 2 363 3 342 2 801 1 791 1 159 1 082 363 227 40 \$31 700	526 1 565 1 208 692 223 112 30 9	83 472 974 611 363 94 57 - - 1 1 \$27 700	47 183 635 554 291 189 117 5 - 2 \$32 300	31 90 314 470 339 212 116 37 4 - \$37,700	33 127 259 240 162 182 35 13	10 64 167 250 254 252 110 52 \$52 700	10 20 31 70 106 221 94 41 7 \$65 800	9 13 30 91 43 58 9	- - - 8 2 - 16 30 59 15 \$104 900	149 180 224 259 303 344 413 488 609 667
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	5 087 3 021 2 064 1 230 635 1 720 98 18.0	2 421 770 371 220 119 419 45 14.0	1 097 624 365 171 74 319 5	636 525 347 165 98 235 17 18.5	374 411 306 203 119 192 8 20.3	160 314 237 125 64 150 7 21.1	240 239 246 155 75 204 –	106 72 133 124 57 94 14 24.3	42 43 38 42 26 62 - 25.4	11 23 21 25 3 45 2 26.8	206 261 293 315 311 276 240
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Steom ar hot woter system Centrol warm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Other	13 855 243 8 513 8 513 966 2 226 1 907 10 287 4 830 5 457 13 855 10 453 912 1 965 36 489	4 365 5 1 891 182 1 199 1 088 2 747 635 2 112 4 365 3 694 219 261 191	2 655 18 1 611 279 410 337 1 895 670 1 225 2 655 2 061 134 363  97	2 023 26 1 308 209 288 192 1 546 636 910 2 023 1 499 125 316 19 64	1 613 44 1 116 130 213 110 1 315 717 598 1 613 1 161 139 269	1 057 45 773 85 65 89 844 534 310 1 057 719 92 203 6	1 159 55 964 50 27 63 1 032 850 182 1 159 758 103 254 10 34	600 29 508 30 22 11 549 458 91 600 353 59 177	253 11 232  10 240 222 18 253 147 26 75  5	130 10 110 110 2 7 7 119 108 11 130 61 15 47	248 382 279 255 194 187 266 333 225 248 237 291 308 297 228

### Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	12 131	1 090	3 910	3 464	1 963	855	616	146	87	83
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	4 257 5 502	719 253	1 737 1 666	1 042 1 730	492 918	133 429	106 372	9 89	19 45	70 87
3 persons 4 persons	1 151 699	64 14	243 183	338 215	247 158	156 77	76 35	14 15	13	87 95 93 105 98
5 persons	325 135	15	58 9	69	98 42	48 12	12	19	6	105
7 persons	41 21	16	8	53 13	4	<u> </u>	- 7	-	-	64 103
8 or more persons	1.83	1.26	1.63	1.90	2.03	2.19	2.04	2.22	2.04	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	<b>6 819</b> 67	<b>285</b> 5	1 <b>836</b> 23	2 089 22	1 <b>291</b> 17	637	486	129 -	66	<b>90</b> 81
25 to 34 yeors	327 569	24 32	93 118	105 153	48 140	31 61	13 48	7	6 -	86 97
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 982 2 874	98 126	645 957	909 900	695 391	302 243	215 210	89 16	29 31	96 85
Male householder, no wife present	1 062 19	263	371 4	<b>260</b> 13	86	<b>59</b>	23	-	_ :	68 86
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	66 121	3 41	29 24	20	2	9 22	3 -	_		81 86 97 96 85 68 86 76 70
45 to 64 yeors65 years ond over	237 619	30 189	92 222	25 67 135	34 41	7	7 13	_		74
Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	4 250 22	542	1 703	1 115	586	159	107	17	21	73
25 to 34 years	42 101	8	12 13	16 44	6	10	- 2	_ 6	_	64 73 79 77 94 74
35 to 44 years	1 030 3 055	137 390	396 1 275	227 822	194 367	34 115	42 62	_	-	74 74 72
65 yeors and over Median aga	66.3	7 <b>0.3</b>	69.0	66.1	61.6	62.7	6 <b>4.0</b>	11 <b>57.</b> 7	13 <b>65.1</b>	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT							-			
1979 to Morch 1980	620 1 680	59 99	150 417	183 522	92 315	61 147	44 119	19 44	12 17	89 91
1970 to 1974	1 527 2 940	121 278	447 1 017	435 730	302 492	142 183	54 185	22 32	4 23	86 81
1959 or earlier	5 364	533	1 879	1 594	762	322	214	29	31	79
ROOMS	57.5	0.40	100	105	00	_				· ·
1 to 3 rooms	575 2 946	243 449	183 1 312	105 772	28 216	100	87 87	2	8	56 70
5 rooms6 rooms	4 257 2 564	291 75	1 545 638	1 410 800	635 593	217 267	104 161	35 26	20 4	56 70 80 93 105 127
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	1 114 675	21 11	180 52	292 85	309 182	149 115	140 119	23 60	- 51	105 127
Median	5.1	4.2	4.8	5.1	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.9	8.3	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	478	16	72	136	106	57	71	13	7	104
1970 to 1974	482 1 388	14	41 273	145 345	171 321	66 180	23 166	14 43	8	106
1950 to 1959	1 816 1 516	63 165	429 578	602 481	341 163	188	152 37	27 11	14	102 92 76
1939 or eorlier	6 451	778	2 517	1 755	861	283	167	38	52	74
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	2 178 3 753	622 362	953 1 719	415 1 132	124 342	37 108	23 84	2 4	2 2	62 72
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	2 626 1 500	64 12	882 256	972 547	460 426	159 170	63 79	2 8	24 2	72 84 97
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	891 555	16 14	85 8	213 134	321 206	149 115	66 72	37 6	4 –	110 115
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	326 138	_	2 3	36 13	54 18	99	118 61	17 26	-	143
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	120 44	_	2	2	iž	i i	31 19	27 17	45 8	165 222 209
Median	\$20 400	\$10000—	\$15 600	\$21 500	\$31 300	\$34 900	\$49 100	\$77 000	\$110 800	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	5 574	476	1 722	1 590	956	463	249	76	42 5	84
10 to 14 percent	2 506 1 376	272 192	785 538	707 344	379 149	168 89	149 44	41 6	14	73
20 to 24 percent	1 005 618	98 24	358 235 80	305 200	143 89	41 30	52 32	8 -	- 8	79 81
30 to 34 percent	295 680	20	80 159	125 170	51 188	14 50	21 64	4	- 18	84 82 73 79 81 88 99 73
Not computed Median	77 10.9	8 11.2	33   11.4	23 16.9	10.3	10—	5 11.9	10—	11.5	73
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment Steom or hot woter system	12 126 315	1 088	3 907	<b>3 464</b> 70	1 963 131	855 29	616 26	146 26	87 25	<b>83</b> 115
Central worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	5 221 205	116	952 51	1 675 78	1 225	646 20	448 10	109	50	98 89
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other meons	2 683 3 702	327 636	1 266 1 630	811 830	214 361	31 129	30 102	- 4	4	70 69
Air conditioning	7 890	328	2 148	2 453	1 546	696	499 334	139 129	81 64	90
Centrol system	2 553 5 337	31 297	243 1 905	706 } 747	622 924	424 272	165	10	17	112 82
House heating fuelUtility gas	12 126 10 086	1 <b>088</b> 898	<b>3 907</b> 3 472	3 464 2 898	1 963 1 600	855 655	616 374	146	<b>87</b> 78	83 81 102
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	1 066 420	36 9	172 70	306 133	219 81	126 56	187 49	16 17	5	100
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	30 524	_ 145	6 187	123	16 47	2 1 16	2 4		_	108 66

### Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		01	wner-occupied l	nousing units				Rei	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 ar earlier
Occupied housing units	35 731	3 929	4 135	5 401	9 074	13 192	12 705	1 376	1 252	1 602	4 014	4 461
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple familles  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole hauseholder, no wife present 15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Femble hauseholder, no husbond present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	25 467 1 121 5 113 4 993 9 425 4 815 2 714 105 457 393 772 987 7 550 106 411 548 2 302 4 183 53.3	3 303 273 1 144 857 844 185 280 34 74 15 86 71 346 23 74 45 159 45	3 420 216 991 901 1 063 249 208 17 46 50 75 20 507 19 59 83 217 129 41.2	4 133 107 768 931 1 679 648 342 17 70 29 112 114 926 13 77 127 301 408 50.6	6 447 304 1 062 1 016 2 674 1 391 741 29 156 141 204 211 1 886 32 95 118 669 972 55.3	8 164 221 1 148 1 288 3 165 2 342 1 143 8 111 158 295 571 3 885 19 106 175 956 2 629 61.4	5 546 1 451 1 849 803 1 043 400 2 337 703 683 254 386 311 4 822 820 967 440 930 1 665 34.6	428 79 146 67 102 34 221 36 90 30 26 39 727 76 87 45 136 383 47.4	463 116 192 66 39 50 175 82 45 3 28 17 614 93 148 69 58 246 33.2	875 249 316 86 183 41 213 95 56 35 21 6 514 115 130 67 75 127 31.6	1 894 579 685 326 231 73 797 325 244 92 90 46 1 323 355 145 257 241 29.7	1 886 428 510 258 488 202 931 165 248 94 221 203 1 644 211 247 114 404 668 43.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 400 9 717 6 295 6 918 8 401	1 399 2 530 - - -	529 1 506 2 100	562 1 363 1 034 2 442	910 1 932 1 277 1 829 3 126	1 000 2 386 1 884 2 647 5 275	6 813 3 697 942 730 523	922 454 - - -	691 379 182 - -	933 503 95 71 –	2 384 1 149 183 192 106	1 883 1 212 482 467 417
ROOMS  1 room	70 173 1 216 6 707 11 343 8 585 7 637 5.4	8 21 86 502 1 094 1 043 1 175 5.7	12 11 176 692 1 220 1 032 992 5.5	10 36 140 867 1 648 1 520 1 180 5.5	10 46 311 1 885 3 133 2 157 1 532 5.2	30 59 503 2 761 4 248 2 833 2 758 5.3	203 710 2 728 3 810 2 994 1 411 849 4.2	59 514 441 219 95 48 3.8	23 51 311 451 259 72 85 4.0	7 56 241 527 494 188 89 4.4	56 209 735 1 297 946 510 261 4.3	117 335 927 1 094 1 076 546 366 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more  0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	35 192 23 358 11 159 571 104 539 283 193 28 35	3 890 2 061 1 762 58 9 39 14 11 -	4 129 2 077 1 923 102 27 6 2 4 -	5 369 3 563 1 706 87 13 32 13 19	8 901 6 199 2 532 149 21 173 62 83 17	12 903 9 458 3 236 175 34 289 192 76 11	12 333 7 680 4 219 324 110 372 139 147 52 34	1 361 982 358 21 - 15 5	1 243 832 381 30  9 7  2	1 575 897 621 44 13 27 17	3 904 2 169 1 621 82 32 110 26 39 40 5	4 250 2 800 1 238 147 65 211 84 88 12 27
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person  2 persons  3 persons  4 persons  5 persons  6 or more persons  Median  Total persons	7 188 12 928 6 064 5 692 2 565 1 294 2.33 95 290	382 1 048 825 1 055 453 166 3.15	382 1 220 906 986 459 182 3.01	868 2 006 1 075 949 341 162 2.41	1 816 3 779 1 368 1 287 523 301 2.22 23 286	3 740 4 875 1 890 1 415 789 483 2.09 31 517	4 622 3 509 2 013 1 398 703 460 1.99	705 290 189 104 71 17 1.48	542 298 204 149 46 13 1.78 2 599	415 523 284 219 96 65 2.24	1 226 1 052 788 551 275 122 2.24	1 734 1 346 548 375 215 243 1.87
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottached  2	33 097 244 176 87 110 34 1 983	3 355 	3 275 9 5 2 6 - 838	4 830 16 30 17 14 10 484	8 806 57 36 38 44 11 82	12 831 162 85 22 23 6 63	7 583 913 1 135 665 1 174 507 728	286 151 249 82 284 219	317 74 107 109 238 172 235	834 65 104 58 207 55 279	3 087 270 220 138 202 22 75	3 059 353 455 278 243 39 34
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas 8atHed, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	35 726 833 18 098 1 582 5 773 9 440 23 802 9 552 14 250 35 726 23 508 5 645 3 381 135 3 057 4 291 12.0	3 929 54 2 761 483 77 554 2 953 2 309 644 3 929 1 414 630 1 422 2 461 250 6.4	4 135 32 3 001 558 138 406 3 074 1 859 1 215 4 135 1 980 1 123 4 286 369 8.9	5 401 101 3 963 183 410 744 4 324 2 227 2 097 5 401 3 741 993 309 28 330 437 8.1	9 074 107 4 444 179 2 107 2 237 6 161 1 853 4 308 9 074 6 771 1 295 308 68 632 1 013	13 187 539 3 929 179 3 041 5 499 7 290 1 304 5 986 13 187 9 602 1 985 219 33 1 348 2 222 16.8	12 695 515 4 916 466 2 778 4 020 6 446 2 760 3 686 12 695 9 564 1 155 1 343 49 9 584 3 275 25.8	1 376 69 1 070 106 68 63 1 214 1 043 171 1 376 775 72 496	1 250 17 943 154 69 67 981 737 244 1 250 638 126 466 	1 602 25 1 074 49 247 207 1 206 577 629 1 602 1 195 165 22 35 304	4 008 124 1 084 105 1 212 1 483 1 700 266 1 434 4 008 3 397 144 6 154 865 21.5	4 459 280 745 52 1 182 2 200 1 345 137 1 208 4 459 3 559 465 72 21 342 1 349 30.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare_ Median Mean	5 361 6 750 3 424 3 208 6 012 3 999 4 416 1 668 893 \$14 316 \$16 954	178 452 353 354 807 637 685 299 164 \$18 919 \$21 561	293 597 397 410 893 599 576 237 133 \$16 751	560 819 366 410 940 855 856 404 191 \$17 384 \$20 390	1 226 1 814 930 1 015 1 497 985 1 119 326 162 \$13 897 \$16 137	3 104 3 068 1 378 1 019 1 875 923 1 180 402 243 \$10 769 \$13 886	3 538 3 677 1 584 1 062 1 525 733 406 149 31 \$8 756 \$10 415	531 324 114 78 180 67 72 10 - \$6 784 \$9 694	404 291 162 80 146 101 43 22 3 \$8 732 \$11 248	288 477 180 154 215 135 93 45 15 \$10 500 \$13 018	905 1 176 634 393 532 241 91 33 9 \$9 673 \$10 665	1 410 1 409 494 357 452 189 107 39 4 \$7 883 \$9 245

### Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Rei	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or ottached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Totol	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units  Condominium housing units	35 731	33 097	651	1 983	<b>12 705</b> 57	7 583	913	1 13 <b>5</b>	665 24	1 174	<b>507</b>	728
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple familles  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	25 467 1 121 5 113 4 993 9 425 4 815 2 714 105 457 393 772 987 7 550 106 411 548 2 302 4 183 53.3	23 707 836 4 670 4 696 8 937 4 568 2 477 90 412 373 695 907 6 913 63 348 503 2 119 3 880 53.7	374 40 46 50 127 111 54 - 10 10 17 223 8 10 8 68 129 56.3	1 386 245 397 247 361 136 183 15 35 10 60 63 414 35 53 37 115	5 546 1 451 1 849 803 1 043 400 2 337 703 683 254 386 311 4 822 820 930 1 665 34.6	4 172 961 1 424 664 849 274 1 084 262 345 125 203 149 2 327 333 555 285 511 643 34.6	296 101 116 118 40 21 201 89 48 21 31 112 416 74 72 53 85 132 32.5	225 117 61 16 303 139 73 17 54 20 607 115 43 105 249 32,9	157 51 24 16 48 18 205 59 75 15 17 39 303 76 23 14 88 81 102 38.2	234 61 86 36 33 18 317 86 97 38 62 34 623 115 107 15 85 301 40.6	101 15 27 5 25 29 80 13 7 1 12 47 326 32 33 15 30 216	361 145 111 48 33 24 147 55 38 37 7 10 220 75 82 15 26 22 27,7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	4 400 9 717 6 295 6 918 8 401	3 804 8 766 5 696 6 618 8 213	85 130 107 159 170	511 821 492 141 18	6 813 3 697 942 730 523	3 693 2 271 626 558 435	576 233 32 26 46	801 234 70 30	352 191 60 44 18	652 388 84 32 18	254 198 38 11 6	485 182 32 29 -
1 room	70 173 1 216 6 707 11 343 8 585 7 637 5.4	48 117 878 5 502 10 728 8 397 7 427 5.4	12 84 157 159 79 160 5.0	22 44 254 1 048 456 109 50 4.1	203 710 2 728 3 810 2 994 1 411 849 4.2	15 165 808 2 259 2 333 1 204 799 4.7	11 46 330 366 119 34 7 3.7	25 123 528 269 114 67 9 3.3	33 122 250 131 86 34 9	109 138 373 357 122 60 15 3.4	10 91 310 70 23 3 -	25 129 358 197 9 10 4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 192 23 358 11 159 571 104 539 283 193 28	32 623 21 976 10 076 487 84 474 245 174 28 27	625 408 209 6 2 26 21 5	1 944 974 874 78 18 39 17 14	12 333 7 680 4 219 324 110 372 139 147 52	7 454 4 305 2 854 249 46 129 48 52 22	873 600 243 11 19 40 19 15 6	1 092 771 293 14 14 43 18 25	598 414 169 13 2 67 26 19 17	1 104 820 261 5 18 70 12 36	507 400 96  11  	705 370 303 32 
None	116 1 922 13 772 16 179 3 153 589	94 1 611 12 210 15 534 3 073 575	124 263 204 48 12	22 187 1 299 441 32 2	346 4 003 5 371 2 464 440 81	50 1 405 3 586 2 051 410 81	17 427 435 27 7	52 754 238 79 12	59 370 178 58 -	144 539 367 119 5	24 408 60 15 -	- 100 507 115 6 -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499_ \$12,500 to \$14,999_ \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999_ \$25,000 to \$34,999_ \$35,000 to \$49,999_ \$50,000 or more_ Median_ Mean	5 361 6 750 3 424 3 208 6 012 3 999 4 416 1 668 893 \$14 316 \$16 954	4 845 6 183 3 153 2 954 5 554 3 753 4 188 1 584 883 \$14 504 \$17 207	115 133 89 37 79 60 92 36 10 \$12 177 \$16 354	401 434 182 217 379 186 136 48 - \$12 150 \$12 936	3 538 3 677 1 584 1 062 1 525 733 406 149 31 \$8 756 \$10 415	1 535 2 094 1 085 770 1 093 555 316 107 28 \$10 374 \$11 726	267 289 102 59 112 64 14 6 - \$8 562 \$9 771	472 410 115 58 63 - 13 4 - \$5 944 \$7 047	306 170 65 25 47 28 10 11 3 \$5 683 \$9 370	447 346 105 62 131 38 31 14 - \$6 636 \$8 779	276 131 23 18 25 23 4 7 - \$4 735 \$7 225	235 237 89 70 54 25 18 - \$7 589 \$8 643
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnoce or electric heot pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Family householder With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	35 726 833 18 098 1 582 5 773 9 440 23 802 9 552 33 471 10 702 22 769 35 726 23 508 5 645 3 381 135 3 057 35 483 22 258 5 527 7 622 24 52 24 51 2804 5 142 2 2 173	33 092 784 16 348 1 484 5 574 8 902 22 194 8 855 31 017 9 787 21 230 33 092 22 359 4 649 3 163 121 2 800 32 884 21 281 4 695 6 832 24 52 26 260 11 854 4 641 1 993	651 47 220 39 123 222 381 101 573 188 385 651 449 76 54 - 72 651 448 96 107 - 447 161 65 63	1 983 2 1 530 59 76 316 1 227 596 1 881 727 1 154 1 983 700 920 164 14 185 1 948 529 736 683 683 789 436 117	12 695 515 4 916 466 2 778 4 020 6 445 2 760 10 557 5 885 4 672 12 695 9 564 1 155 1 343 49 9 584 12 559 9 167 1 33 2 030 2 3 6 7 489 4 644 2 688 1 678	7 579 75 2 195 171 2 068 3 070 3 244 676 6 729 3 139 3 590 7 579 5 852 867 292 30 538 7 504 5 628 1 007 854 15 5 388 3 393 1 873 1 072	913 18 344 60 254 237 460 247 796 538 258 913 760 6 131 8 8 913 729 17 159 8 456 237 149 129	1 129 60 490 87 211 281 604 341 813 653 160 1 129 976 13 133 6 1 135 938 35 162 	665 666 275 32 94 198 325 215 471 317 154 665 534 109 - 21 656 533 19 98 - 6 232 150 74	1 174 255 706 49 58 106 849 727 785 608 177 1 174 807 4 358 5 - 1 123 744 20 359 - - 382 222 153 118	507 41 388 55 6 17 474 427 310 258 52 507 249 - 258 - 507 259 6 6 242 - 135 44 27	728 - 518 12 87 111 490 127 653 372 281 728 386 264 62 - 16 721 336 229 156 - 511 340 231 134
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder. Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	939 152 <b>7 496</b> <b>4 291</b> 12.0	844 123 6 837 3 789 11.4	204 81 12.4	84 29 <b>455</b> <b>421</b> 21.2	1 298 592 5 216 3 275 25.8	812 296 2 195 1 671 22.0	87 41 <b>457</b> <b>223</b> 24.4	119 71 <b>750</b> <b>389</b> 34.3	49 22 <b>433</b> <b>228</b> 34.3	94 70 <b>792</b> <b>340</b> 29.0	372 178 35.1	125 92 <b>217</b> <b>246</b> 33.8

#### Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	35 731 678	7 188	12 928 236	6 <b>064</b> 158	<b>5 692</b>	2 565 79	819 36	<b>357</b>	118 13	<b>2.33</b> 3.15	<b>95 290</b> 2 397
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	1 459 6 707	755 2 171	491 2 763	126 969	51 580	34 146	- 34	2 41	- 3	1.47 1.93	2 464 14 092
5 rooms 6 rooms 8 or more rooms	11 343 8 585 4 126 3 511	2 405 1 195 398 264	4 414 3 293 1 214 753	1 989 1 432 795 753	1 627 1 593 987 854	667 708 491 519	157 248 125 255	65 86 88 75	19 30 28 38	2.24 2.44 3.07 3.48	28 356 24 575 13 302 12 501
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing far exclusive use	5.4 <b>35 192</b> 34 517	4.8 6 <b>982</b> 6 982	5.2 12 789 12 772	5.5 <b>5 973</b> 5 960	5.9 <b>5 653</b> 5 606	6.1 2 537 2 372	6.4 812 628	6.3 <b>331</b> 163	6.8 115 34	2.33 2.30	93 962 90 048
1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or mare Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	571 104 <b>539</b> 476	206 206	17 139 131	11 2 <b>91</b> 91	34 13 <b>39</b> 35	137 28 <b>28</b> 13	184 - 7 -	143 25 <b>26</b> –	62 19 3	6.06 5.21 1.96 1.74	3 390 524 1 <b>32</b> 8 955
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE	28 35 33 097	4 572	8	5 500	5 250	2 202	7 -	8 18	3	5.64 6.69	167 206
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile hame or trailer, etc VALUE	33 097 651 1 983	6 572 186 430	12 067 221 640	5 500 118 446	5 350 59 283	2 393 50 122	766 13 40	336 _ 21	113 4 1	2.33 2.13 2.38	88 577 1 632 5 081
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	25 986 2 865 6 116 5 968	5 540 1 159 1 854 1 303	9 316 941 2 267 2 247	4 165 262 859 936	4 196 272 664 850	1 8 <b>34</b> 131 262 409	592 28 150 125	262 63 44 72	81 9 16 26	2.30 1.79 2.03 2.25	68 821 6 114 14 052 15 312
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	4 301 2 682 1 714 1 408	620 304 132 130	1 490 1 062 637 408	776 485 338 298	833 588 384 365	410 175 166 162	124 35 45 33	31 20 12 12	17 13  -	2.55 2.48 2.76 3.06	12 390 7 666 5 319 4 589
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	501 347 84 \$26 300	17 15 6 \$18 000	145 88 31 \$25 900	128 79 4 \$30 300	122 96 22 \$33 100	56 44 19 \$32 700	31 19 2 \$29 400	2 6 - \$22 200	\$23 200	3.19 3.39 3.55	1 669 1 349 361
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	<b>35 731</b> \$14 316	7 <b>188</b> \$4 986	12 928 \$13 327	6 064 \$18 588	<b>5 692</b> \$19 396	2 565 \$18 745	<b>819</b> \$20 160	357 \$16 021	118 \$26 190	2.33	95 290
household income	14.8 18.0 10.9 <b>4 291</b>	20.3 29.6 18.1 2 174	12.5 17.1 10 976	14.1 17.1 10— <b>29</b> 5	15.8 17.5 10— <b>379</b>	14.9 17.0 10— <b>252</b>	16.7 19.6 10— <b>9</b> 8	17.8 19.2 10 102	14.8 16.1 10 <del></del> 15	1.49	
Median income  Median selected monthly owner costs as percentoge of household incame  With o mortgage	\$3 245 32.3 50+	\$2 845 29.8 50+	\$3 135 31.8 50+	\$3 672 45.0 50+	\$5 131 50+ 50+	\$5 718 37.5 50+	\$7 500 38.0 44.3	\$7 903 42.6 47.6	\$8 438 28.8 27.5		
Not mortgaged  Renter-occupied housing units	27.1 12 705	28.3 4 622	25.4 3 509	27.9 2 013	22.0 1 <b>39</b> 8	13.8 <b>703</b>	19.4 <b>277</b>	15.3 149	50+ 34	1.99	29 795
Nonrelatives present  ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	203 710	149 573	471 32 105	201 17 15	117 - 6	34	20	5	-	1.18 1.12	2 508 308 883
3 roams	2 728 3 810 2 994 1 411	1 779 1 214 688 166	638 1 388 845 326	235 644 594 337	43 382 524 232	16 107 247 201	8 54 57 82	9 21 32	- - 7 12	1.27 2.00 2.46 3.13	4 105 8 237 8 194 4 820
7 or more rooms	849 4.2	53 3.4	175 4.2	171 4.7	211 5.0	132 5.4	65 5.6	55 27 5.6	15 6.3	3.62	3 248
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 333 11 899 324 110	<b>4 473</b> 4 473 - -	3 426 3 409 - 17	1 967 1 951 8 8	1 358 1 320 37 1	674 570 88 16	269 147 103 19	138 27 81 30	28 2 7 19	1.99 1.93 5.78 6.18	28 929 26 526 1 862 541
Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	37 <b>2</b> 286 52 34	149 149 - -	83 68 - 15	46 30 7 9	<b>40</b> 29 6 5	29 10 19 -	8  8 	11 - 6 5	6 - 6 -	1.95 1.46 5.18 2.72	866 531 205 130
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached	7 583 913 1 135	1 856 386 713	2 235 333 213	1 409 118 117	1 099 46 39	577 17 53	237 8	138 5	32 _	2.37 1.71 1.30	20 720 1 702 1 960
5 to 9	665 1 174 507 728	373 756 363 175	160 242 94 232	60 104 22	45 49 13 107	17 17 17 4	8 - 11 13	6	2 - -	1.39 1.28 1.20 2.31	1 183 1 786 758 1 686
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	11 472 1 667	4 367 1 327	3 130 223	183 1 <b>825</b> 69	1 203 20	566 11	217	138	26 6	1.94 1.13	<b>26 260</b> 2 245
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 767 2 788 1 908 877	1 252 771 499 167	831 899 471 282	383 515 431 165	154 345 298 174	73 153 130 74	40 73 46 13	27 32 31	7 - 2 2	1.66 2.19 2.47 2.46	5 528 6 675 4 920 2 430
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	422 133 99 55	44 5 9	129 32 21 23	80 31 7 7	117 19 28 14	24 38 28 2	5 3 6 9	18 5 - -	5 -	2.97 3.45 3.95 3.14	1 329 539 409 162
No cosh rent	756 \$166	293 \$128	219 \$170	137 \$191	34 \$211	33 \$212	20 \$185	16 \$195	\$127	1.89	2 023
All income levels in 1979  Median income  Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 belaw poverty level	12 705 \$8 756 23.4 3 275	4 622 \$5 012 27.7 1 521	3 509 \$9 754 21.2 658	2 013 \$11 024 21.6 422	1 398 \$12 884 19.9 298	703 \$14 310 20.9 143	\$11 573 23.1 119	\$10 043 23.0 93	\$11 250 23.9 21	1.99  1.68	29 795
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	\$3 188 47.9	\$2 635 46.3	\$2 934 50+	\$3 516 50.0	\$4 579 49.9	\$5 653 37.9	\$6 528 34.4	\$7 096 28.6	\$9 107 24.7	•••	

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: A - 10. Table

Data are estimates based on o sample, see latroduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	7 188	1 968	68	290	196	523	891	5 220	49	88	96	1 425	3 562
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 982 206	1 853 115	68 -	287 3	173 23	507 16	818 73	5 129 91	49 -	88 -	96 -	1 416	3 480 82
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or or thached 2 or more	6 572 186 430	1 786 42 140	68 - -	263 10 17	182 10 4	462 5 56	811 17 63	4 7 <b>8</b> 6 144 290	19 8 22	76 5 7	86 - 10	1 297 33 95	3 308 98 156
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	3 609 1 968	696 470	_ 32	26 45	59 20	125 124	486 249	2 913 1 498	19 12	11 25	23 31	574 527	2 286 903
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	508 280 388 148	239 140 211 82	13 6 17	75 30 78 18	34 14 40	52 50 65 39	65 40 11 14	269 140 177 66	16 2 -	12 20 20	6 20 4	97 45 95 35	138 53 58 25
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	159 77 51 \$4 986	75 34 21 \$7 286	- - \$10 385	16 - \$12 467	18 - - \$11 397	53 4 11 \$10 601	2 14 10 \$4 723	84 43 30 \$4 658	- - \$6 146	- - \$11 667	- 6 \$8 750	34 6 12 \$6,166	50 37 12
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$4 986 \$7 885	\$10 651	\$10 808	\$13 704	\$11 349	\$14 064	\$4 723 \$7 489	\$6 842	\$6 572	\$10 769	\$13 189	\$6 166 \$8 295	\$4 288 \$5 996
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupled housing units With a mortgage	5 540 1 283	1 335 494	47 30	218 172	145 88	318 158	607 46	4 205 789	19 8	76 73	65 39	1 131 377	2 914 292
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	716   186   147	198 77 <b>6</b> 0	10 12 2	44 34 25 28	26 10 30	97 11 3	21 10 -	518 109 87	6 - 2	16 18 17	22 7 2	249 50 53	225 34 13
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	99 52 61	75 41 34	4 ~	28 39	16	12 2 28	15	24 11 27	=	13	8	4 3 18	7
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	20	7 2	-	- 2	2 ~	5 -	-	13	=			-	13
\$750 or more	\$189 <b>4 25</b> 7	\$232 <b>841</b>	\$221 17	\$266 <b>46</b>	\$263 <b>5</b> 7	\$177 <b>160</b>	\$210 <b>561</b>	\$175 <b>3 416</b>	\$183 11	\$257 <b>3</b>	\$149 26	\$175 <b>754</b>	\$161 2 622
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	719 1 737 1 042	249 290 184	2 13	3 29 11	33 6 4	28 58 41	185 195 115	470 1 447 858	3 2 -	3 -	4 - 5	94 314 15 <b>8</b>	366 1 131 695
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	492 133 106	71 29 18	2	3	9 5	28 - 5	34 19 13	421 104 88	6	=	5 6	127 21 40	283 77 48
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	9	_	-	-		=	-	9 19	-	-	6	-	9
Median  SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$70	\$65	\$88	\$67	\$50—	\$72	\$62	\$71	\$102	\$50—	\$120	\$73	\$71
Note to the following in 1979	<b>20.3</b> 29.6	17.7 29.0	1 <b>7.2</b> 20.0	<b>22.5</b> 27.7	19.4 29.3	14.8 19.3	17.8 50+	<b>21.0</b> 29.8	<b>23.8</b> 23.3	<b>28.2</b> 28.5	16.8 21.4	19.9 29.7	21.1 31.8
Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	18.1 2 174 30.2	14.2 <b>403</b> 20.5	14.7	10— <b>26</b> 9.0	10— <b>44</b> 22.4	10— <b>70</b> 13.4	16.8 <b>263</b> 29.5	19.0 1 <b>771</b> 33.9	25.4 8 16.3	10— <b>5</b> 5.7	10.0 <b>21</b> 21.9	14.7 <b>383</b> 26.9	20.1 1 <b>354</b> 38.0
Renter-occupied housing units	4 622	1 702	432	495	178	311	286	2 920	393	295	71	612	1 549
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 473 149	1 616 86	427 5	487 8	173 5	281 30	248 38	2 857 63	393 -	282 13	71 -	598 14	1 513 36
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2	1 856 386	738 126	161 44	219 39	79 11	147 25	132 7	1 118 260	127 39 79	144 25	16 16	286 48	545 132
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	713 373 756	257 141 264	110 26 53	65 44 91	17 15 29	48 17 57	17 39 34	456 232 492	79 41 68	29 13 54	13 14 6	92 68 <b>6</b> 9	243 96 295
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	363 175	73 103	53 7 31	7 30	27	12 5	47 10	290 72	27 12	18 12	6	23 26	216 22
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 307 1 364	588 516	99 189	94 167	56 32	118 77	221 51	1 719 848	173 168	33 126	12 42	306 229	1 195 283
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	425 210 221	249 96 161	92 9 31	85 41 80	30 29 10	40 10 37	2 7 3	176 114 60	31 15 6	65 49 22	6 9 2	35 21 21	283 39 20
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	52 31	49 31	5 7	21 7	8	13 4	2 -	3 -	- -	- -	- -	-	3 -
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	\$5 012 \$6 523	12 - \$7 206 \$8 642	\$7 534 \$8 308	\$9 588 \$10 165	\$10 083 \$10 268	\$6 995 \$9 503	\$3 700 \$4 565	\$4 457 \$5 287	\$5 452 \$5 692	\$9 536 \$9 484	\$7 989 \$8 071	\$5 000 \$5 556	\$3 855 \$4 152
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 367	1 565	411	439	161	286	268	2 802	390		66		1 492
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 327 1 252 771	400 420 345	33 122 131	73 117 123	23 51	99 98	172 32	927 832 426	34 178 92	286 32 73	19 20 14	568 159 184 86	683 377 172
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	499 167	227 72	102 12	63 43	33 29 5	35 25 12	23 8 - 2	272 95	62	62 78 25	7 6	80 14	45 50 8
\$300 to \$349 \$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499	44 5 9	16 5 3	Ξ	- 3	- -	5 -	- - -	28 - 6	5 - -	5 6	=	10 - -	- -
\$500 or more No cash rent Median	293 \$128	77 \$141	11 \$170	17 \$153	11 \$151	7 \$110	31 \$82	216 \$121	19 \$139	5 \$187	- \$143	35 \$124	157 \$98
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	27.7	23.0	24.9	21.5	20.5	18.7	27.8	29.6	33.8	23.2	24.4	33.0 247	29.7
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 <b>521</b> 32.9	<b>348</b> 20.4	12.0	12.3	26.4	21.2	1 <b>22</b> 42.7	1 173 40.2	107 27.2	<b>21</b> 7.1	12 16.9	40.4	<b>78</b> 6 50.7

#### Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or mare months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sole only housing units	549	148	165	236	Vacant for rent housing units	1 313	719	290	304
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	50 146 136 104 80 33	12 34 47 27 21 7 5.1	11 42 31 42 31 8 5.5	27 70 58 35 28 18 4.9	1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 5 rooms 5 rooms 7 or more rooms 7 or mo	76 98 360 494 172 75 38	46 67 211 252 75 44 24	11 14 90 115 43	19 17 59 127 54 21
	J.1	5	3.0	-1.7	Median	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES	505		1/2	00/	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	535 14	146 2	163 2	226 10	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 164 149	644 75	263 27	257 47
Nane	10	10			BEDROOMS				
1	69 200 212 48 10	13 46 60 19	16 60 79 10	40 94 73 19	None	93 524 560 102 25	63 298 281 58	11 109 141 27	19 117 138 17
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	9	-	-	9
1975 to March 1980	78 41 86 69 53 222	35 3 6 28 17 59	27 8 55 9 19 47	30 25 32 17	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or earlier	188 92 121 119 245 548	141 62 75 50 127 264	34 15 27 37 57 120	13 15 19 32 61 164
1, detached or attached	495	142	152	201	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 ar mareMobile home or trailer	45	6	11	28	1, detached ar attached	564 102	243 61	131 22	190 19
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Central heating system Other means None	376 153 20	95 53 -	135 28 2	146 72 18	3 and 4	116 108 212 100	74 46 139 97 59	35 50 35 - 17	12 38 3 3 35
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	411 54 77 112 64 48 111 38 7	124 10 20 48 26 13	145 20 18 50 21 19 6	17 16 5	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	1 287 431 427 270 84 68 2	706 206 200 167 74 52 2 5	285 130 89 62 - 4 -	296 95 138 41 10 12
\$100,000 or more	\$26 300	\$27 100	\$26 000	\$26 000	Median	\$123	\$129	\$108	\$118

### Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dallars)
Total	411	54	189	112	56	-	26 300	1 287	431	697	152	2	5	123
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	408 3	51 3	189	112 -	56 -	_	26 400 10000	1 142 145	342 89	648 49	145 7	2 -	5 -	126 80
BEDROOMS														
None	35 134 184 48 10	23 22 3 6	10 101 61 17	2 11 91 8	- - 29 17	- - - - -	10000— 22 100 35 000 40 600 63 600	93 524 539 97 25	69 210 145 7 -	20 296 313 53 15	18 74 37 10 9	- 2 - -	- 5 - -	80 108 133 170 178 263
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	53 20 64 50 46 178	- - 5 6 43	4 28 31 38 88	35 6 19 10 2 40	18 10 17 4  7	-	40 400 52 500 32 000 27 700 20 300 20 000	188 92 121 111 231 544	87 19 13 20 100 192	30 62 65 65 131 344	66 11 43 24 - 8	- - 2 -	5 - - - -	106 145 159 151 111 117
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home ar trailer	411 	54	189	112	56 	:::	26 300	538 638 111	162 248 21	318 294 85	56 96 -	2 - -	<del>-</del> <del>-</del> 5	127 120 129

### Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Joplin city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 ta \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or mare	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	9 382	925	2 370	2 212	1 576	923	628	467	147	113	21	25 500	30 900
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver  Male householder, no wiffe present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	6 278 251 1 208 1 024 2 518 1 277 660 25 81 104 192 258 2 444 18 138 179 707 1 402 56.2	407 20 50 67 181 89 145 - 9 14 46 76 373 - 22 113 238 62.8	1 233 66 214 151 467 335 236 18 15 31 63 109 901 6 38 32 234 591 62.1	1 487 75 292 200 564 356 141 7 29 8 36 61 584 12 22 23 171 316 56.9	1 204 53 252 222 2467 210 44 - 10 24 10 - 328 - 23 55 66 184 51.4	714 20 149 110 326 109 61 - 9 20 12 148 - 5 24 79 40 52.5	597 13 137 86 251 110 	391 - 92 81 155 63 24 - 6 7 11 - 52 - 10 3 21 18	125 - 2 58 60 5 9 - 3 3 - 6 6 - 7 46.7	105 4 20 45 36  8 8  8 40.4	15 - 4 11 - - - 6 - - 6	30 100 24 200 31 600 33 200 31 000 25 000 16 400 24 100 27 200 15 000 13 500 19 300 23 800 25 100 33 000 20 400 17 200	34 890 26 900 35 300 41 100 35 700 29 100 22 200 16 800 29 600 29 300 24 300 16 000 23 200 22 900 22 900 27 200 38 500 24 300 20 300
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 013 2 274 1 519 1 905 2 671	101 107 143 201 373	183 471 366 414 936	258 478 301 489 686	172 391 281 325 407	77 338 173 186 149	72 217 126 136 77	93 160 73 113 28	22 63 35 18 9	35 39 18 15 6	- 10 3 8 -	28 400 31 600 27 800 26 100 20 300	35 600 36 500 32 500 31 600 23 000
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median Median	264 1 746 3 166 2 217 1 061 928 5.3	119 371 269 106 21 39 4.4	103 820 948 350 90 59 4.8	25 432 985 478 224 68 5.2	8 84 593 504 235 152 5.7	9 10 237 379 176 112 6.0	14 99 239 136 140 6.3	15 32 136 132 152 6.9	- - 21 37 89 8.5+	- 3 4 10 96 8.5+	- - - - 21 8.5+	10 800 15 600 22 800 33 300 37 800 52 200	13 700 17 400 25 000 34 800 41 500 60 300
BEDROOMS None	10 544 3 993 3 927 800 108	6 214 548 111 37 9	2 227 1 602 476 54 9	79 1 119 898 106 10	2 15 445 913 170 31	9 154 695 65	- 64 455 109 -	- 50 298 106 13	- 6 55 78 8	- 5 26 61 21	- - 114 7	10000— 11 600 19 000 35 000 43 600 38 800	14 500 13 900 21 300 37 400 54 200 66 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 ta March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 ta 1949 1939 or earlier	500 450 1 385 1 719 1 467 3 861	8 12 21 55 174 655	16 40 88 288 513 1 425	12 45 223 580 423 929	61 82 362 395 196 480	116 96 269 201 73 168	122 77 214 101 40 74	103 54 154 72 37 47	37 31 38 16 6	21 13 6 11 5	4 - 10 - 7	52 700   43 400 40 000 27 500   21 100   18 600	57 400 47 600 43 500 32 100 24 200 23 100
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or mare	1 523 1 671 870 765 1 488 1 071 1 240 478 276 \$14 549 \$17 446	402 237 76 72 67 43 19 9 9 \$6 050 \$8 486	695 625 248 154 364 153 119 12 - \$8 904 \$10 692	268 490 339 230 369 262 208 39 7 \$12 598 \$14 269	121 223 107 184 319 250 271 83 18 \$17 263 \$18 587	19 67 63 80 197 146 232 79 40 \$20 997 \$22 940	9 22 16 35 93 112 206 92 43 \$26 038 \$29 175	9 5 17 10 61 74 129 114 48 \$28 973 \$31 081	2 2 2 12 25 32 37 37 \$35 278 \$44 266	2 2 6 6 18 13 68 \$55 723 \$67 017	- - - - - - 6 - 15 \$55 781 \$73 414	14 700 19 400 21 900 26 200 28 500 32 600 40 100 52 000 71 400	17 000 21 100 24 200 27 500 31 000 35 700 42 900 53 000 86 700
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median Median Median	4 945 1 941 997 750 398 228 603 28 17.6 4 437 2 055 866 565 384 226 84 238 19	258 58 48 26 29 7 7 90 - 24.4 667 236 98 142 94 54 4 39 - 15.0	909 333 182 113 72 32 160 17 18.1 1 461 565 266 204 159 115 46 94 12	1 184 443 218 206 88 59 165 5 18.4 1 028 464 268 95 62 39 28 65 7	987 412 206 141 74 37 117 - 17.0 589 322 93 78 52 12 6 26 -	614 269 129 88 70 25 33 - 16.5 309 182 75 28 11 6	475 196 132 67 29 34 17 - 16.6 153 111 23 6 6	336 145 74 20 31 15 6 17.2 131 97 28 6	106 55 20 16 6 3 6 - 14.8 41 26 15	65 19 17 19 10  19.0 48 42  6 	11 11   11.1 10 10    10—	31 100 32 700 32 000 32 000 31 000 36 100 23 500 16 000 24 000 21 600 16 200 15 900 14 400 18 600 18 200 16 500	35 400 37 700 35 500 37 300 38 600 25 000 28 900 30 800 25 800 20 600 18 700 16 000 19 500 21 000 16 900
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent belaw poverty level	9 344 98 38 10 9 382 7 950 7 250 2 900 1 064 11.3	900 21 25 10 925 416 437 48 316 34.2	2 357 42 13 - 2 370 1 777 1 575 208 441 18.6	2 212 14  2 212 2 011 1 726 437 178 8.0	1 576 7 - 1 576 1 502 1 300 547 90 5.7	923 14  923 892 863 537 19 2.1	628 	467 	147 	113  113 113 113 90 	21 - - 21 21 21 18 -	25 600 14 400 10000— 10000— 25 500 28 400 29 000 43 700 14 300	31 000 19 900 9 200 7 500 30 900 33 700 34 400 47 800 17 400

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Joplin city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	5 635	773	1 264	1 318	1 031	529	317	97	53	25	228	174
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 949 501 642 328 357 121 1 271 437	34 13 5 - 16 243 35	343 130 48 55 70 40 281 81	484 167 172 77 58 10 323 154	418 108 169 64 67 10 223 108	259 40 114 37 49 19 93 22	201 24 84 52 39 2 41	75 5 28 20 16 6 11	39 5 8 1 25 -	25   6   8   11   -	71 9 8 14 22 18 56 18	211 173 227 222 230 141 159 191
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	409 126 191 108 2 415 476 516 217 492 714	49 11 59 89 496 16 28 29 97 326 66.9	113 24 56 7 640 203 87 34 151 165 32.8	120 23 20 6 511 126 155 69 88 73 28.5	390 91 132 31 111 25 29.8	45 5 21 177 17 52 41 27 40 33.8	15 5 2 <b>75</b> 14 35 8 10 8	6 - 5 - 11 2 4 5 - -	- - 14 - 11 - 3 - 45.6		10 24 - 4 101 7 12 - 5 77 48.3	158 182 133 81 1 <b>52</b> 156 195 178 144 98
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 128 1 698 337 290 182	283 254 112 63 61	654 358 100 121 31	780 406 70 34 28	613 380 23 15 -	343 130 28 28	240 77 - - -	78 19 - - -	41 6 - 6	25 - - - -	71 68 4 23 62	190 171 124 123 100
ROOMS  1 room	120 389 1 440 1 676 1 164 592 254 4.0	41 180 366 133 32 21 - 3.0	46 107 520 324 177 59 31 3.4	8 62 331 487 320 87 23 4.0	16 40 177 350 259 146 43 4.3	2  26 181 193 87 40 4.8	- 2 117 103 73 22 4.9	- - 18 32 25 22 5.5	- - 1 11 9 32 7.0	- - - 4 5 16 7.1	7 - 18 65 33 80 25 5.2	106 108 131 183 205 232 279
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	5 635 5 519 3 613 1 746 107 53 116 54 55	773 694 620 74 	1 264 1 248 800 380 40 28 16 5	1 318 1 311 805 460 26 20 7 7	1 031 1 031 585 420 26 - - -	529 522 352 159 111 - 7 7	317 317 167 145 - 5 - -	97 97 48 45 4 - -	53 53 28 25 	25 25 21 4 	228 221 187 34 - - 7 7 -	174 175 167 194 179 128 75 86 67
1.51 or more	1 409 1 343 66 66 7	403 363 - 40 -	371 359 23 12	272 265 20 7	176 176 23 -	<b>57</b> 57	25 25 - -	9 9 - - -	- 17 17 - - -	8 8 - -	71 64 7 7	128 129 166 76
BEDROOMS  None	231 2 132 2 250 868 152 2	65 572 122 14 - -	99 688 379 72 26	30 559 593 124 12 -	28 249 497 213 44	2 29 339 123 36 -	5 184 118 10	- - 30 58 9 -	 - 7 39 5 2	- - - 15 10 -	7 30 99 92 - -	115 134 198 240 244 450
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mabile home or trailer, etc.	2 936 531 674 318 744 393 39	231 82 140 63 88 165 4	596 133 232 114 144 33 12	685 138 210 43 181 55 6	633 65 56 2 190 70	275 38 15 60 93 48	186 38 15 32 32 14	65 13 6 - 9 4 -	47 6 - - - - -	25 - - - - - - -	193 18 - 4 7 4 2	187 162 141 144 193 126 154
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	634 557 684 883 1 033 1 844	158 106 30 46 91 342	94 28 50 172 234 686	65 81 176 282 293 421	113 125 168 203 224 198	77 121 94 88 78 71	92 50 76 47 41	14 20 27 16 17 3	8 11 26 2 6 -	7 8 6 4 - -	6 7 31 23 49 112	190 225 223 191 177 138
STORIES IN STRUCTURE  1 to 3  4 or more	5 346 289 269	608 165 159	1 183 81 74	1 291 27 27	1 022 9 9	529 - -	317 - -	97 - -	53 - -	25 - -	221 7 -	178 91 91
INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	1 098 879 922 654 402 622 770 288 23.8	200 98 149 90 59 113 44 20 22.6	335 148 249 114 97 147 169 5	269 274 173 152 86 121 214 29 22.9	115 183 177 175 76 130 169 6 26.1	81 94 98 59 28 82 87 - 24.6	69 52 62 37 45 21 31 - 23.0	10 29 8 17 8 3 22 - 25.4	13 1 6 10 3 - 20 - 28.2	6   5 14  50+	228	152 178 172 192 166 173 193 158
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	5 629 4 362 3 152 1 584	767 537 418 239	1 264 808 439 141	1 318 1 023 719 222	1 031 867 606 373	<b>529</b> 478 <b>397</b> 262	317 312 281 210	97 92 78 48	<b>53</b> 47 <b>47</b> 40	25 25 21 21	228 173 146 28	174 187 194 225

## Table B -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
Joplin city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	10 263	1 694	1 824	951	816	1 609	1 173	1 343	544	309	14 530	17 518	1 175
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 ta 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no myfe present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Semale householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  55 years and over  45 to 64 years  65 years and over	6 809 290 1 307 1 091 2 703 1 418 771 31 104 116 216 304 2 683 29 149 184 758 1 563 56.3	340 22 58 22 110 128 224 11 200 39 154 1 130 8 32 22 174 894 70.7	901 38 62 49 243 509 157 8 17 25 40 67 766 13 30 286 393 66.2	631 33 121 82 208 187 87 2 31 16 21 17 233 8 8 24 30 66 105 56.5	586 38 129 68 214 137 63 8 3 13 1167 	1 315 81 355 235 478 166 79 13 27 12 16 11 215 	1 059 47 256 268 355 133 59 4 4 10 55 - 6 27 22 45.1	1 220 18 245 223 649 85 55 - 4 24 27 - 68 - 5 27 16 20 49.3	479 6 57 98 278 40 29 - 7 8 14 36 - 6 30 49.5	278 7 24 46 168 33 18 7 7 - 11 - 13 - 6 - 7 51.1	18 417 15 854 18 996 21 293 21 114 10 963 10 129 14 219 11 935 12 031 14 038 4 959 6 268 8 523 9 861 13 750 8 765 4 618	21 407 16 518 20 571 23 687 25 089 14 402 13 752 13 144 15 719 15 604 19 580 8 294 8 732 7 526 9 888 17 357 9 945 7 040	369 22 76 65 115 91 138 - 11 20 27 80 668 - 26 23 144 475 66.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 118 2 482 1 655 2 116 2 892	86 203 276 381 748	222 268 211 324 799	99 247 198 193 214	81 253 114 164 204	235 474 283 297 320	176 397 197 215 188	114 386 234 318 291	43 177 86 143 95	62 77 56 81 33	16 325 17 723 15 475 14 939 9 287	19 424 20 818 17 584 18 721 13 031	118 196 231 245 385
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	10 225 102 38 10 10 263 8 730 7 941 3 193 9 351 3 665 5 686 10 263 9 718 105 342 6 92 5.3	1 664 10 30 5 1 694 1 129 953 137 1 066 821 245 1 694 1 602 41 24 6 21 4.6	1 819 7 7 5 5 5 1 824 1 440 1 238 300 1 604 1 069 535 1 824 1 756 20 39 - 9 4.9	948 14 3 - 951 842 657 276 921 461 460 951 921 - 27 - 3 5.1	816 2 - 816 671 681 184 806 327 479 816 776 8 32 - - 5.4	1 609 24 - 1 609 1 427 1 366 531 1 609 433 1 176 1 609 1 522 14 47 - 26 5.4	1 173 23 - 1 173 1 110 991 505 1 159 201 958 1 173 1 085 7 62 - 19 5.8	1 343 9 - 1 343 1 280 1 222 634 1 339 212 1 127 1 343 1 242 8 86 - 7 6.1	544 13 - 544 529 526 389 544 114 430 544 521 7 16	309 - - 309 302 307 237 276 309 293 - 9 - 7 7.1	14 588 17 250 4 083 6 250 14 530 15 883 16 411 21 614 15 759 9 727 19 765 14 530 14 369 7 639 20 139 2500— 17 500	17 565 19 910 4 845 5 598 17 518 18 863 19 558 25 927 18 713 12 391 22 660 17 518 17 518 20 179 2 115 17 692	1 152 17 23 10 1 175 765 631 120 764 459 305 1 175 1 106 31 13 6
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 382	1 523	1 671	870	765	1 488	1 071	1 240	478	276	14 549	17 446	1 064
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS  With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median  Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	4 945 1 701 926 710 584 346 346 214 60 58 \$242 4 437 387 1 443 1 180 762 318 236 57 54 \$83	367 204 111 19 - 17 9 - 7 \$191 1 156 232 515 253 119 18 19 - -	\$33 321 103 56 27 26 - - \$185 138 100 464 364 135 44 23 2 6 \$75	448 205 84 73 57 25 4 \$211 422 8 147 119 98 43 7 - \$87	439 190 95 67 54 18 15 - - \$216 326 24 87 138 34 13 22 6 2 \$84	3 040 374 223 180 149 36 40 2 6 \$233 448 11 104 139 80 66 34 	771 219 137 79 150 77 66 30 7 6 \$269 300 12 41 65 111 12 38 15 6 \$107	842 170 117 155 105 111 92 68 24 - \$293 398 - 71 94 111 68 42 12 - \$108	337 18 47 555 35 35 65 38 10 16 \$363 141 - 14 6 43 38 22 18	168 -9 26 7 -7 47 39 17 23 \$488 108 - 2 31 16 29 4 4 26 \$159	18 069 14 086 16 151 18 403 20 202 24 063 26 207 27 162 30 000 19 583 9 649 4 450 7 099 9 621 14 632 18 547 21 625 31 934 22 083	20 813 14 635 17 590 21 601 20 965 23 757 34 311 35 717 47 963 61 086  13 694 6 029 9 133 11 645 22 801 27 888 32 629 44 309	397 204 95 17 37 11 17 9 - 7 \$198 667 136 304 111 76 21 19 - \$66
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979  With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	4 945 1 941 997 750 398 228 603 28 17.6 4 437 2 055 866 565	367 -6 20 - 313 28 50+ 1 156 15 93 276	533 29 44 91 97 93 179 - 30.3 1 138 270 447 256	448 40 118 114 64 48 64  22.9 422 219 190 13	439 95 116 111 78 24 15  20.4 326 254 58 6	1 040 420 281 187 92 34 26  16.8 448 389 45 8	771 390 205 109 37 24 6  14.9 300 261 33	842 532 182 99 24 5 - 13.0 398 398	337 285 31 15 6 - - 11.5 141 141	168 150 14 4 	18 069 24 946 18 304 15 793 13 718 11 094 4 860 2500— 9 649 18 085 8 756 5 088	20 813 29 772 19 999 17 177 14 517 12 502 6 156 -1 068  13 694 22 304 9 337 5 747	397 5 9 20 - 2 333 28 50+ 667 22 25 77
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	384 226 84 238 19 10.9	253 194 76 230 19 23.6	125 24 8 8 -	10-	6 2 - - - 10-	6 10-	10-	10-	- - - - 10—	10—	4 337 3 758 3 482 2500— 2500—	4 693 3 959 3 565 2 500	132 120 51 221 19 27.8

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	ousehold incor	ne in 1979						
Joplin city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 belaw poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	5 762	1 572	1 690	743	479	704	290	181	92	11	8 727	10 518	1 437
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Medien age	1 985 508 647 330 379 121 1 293 437 420 130 198 108 2 484 476 538 233 507 730 33.9	167 84 11 40 7 25 366 79 30 68 93 1 039 179 142 40 169 509 53.1	485 175 121 51 91 47 383 160 140 26 44 13 822 200 106 179 145 30.5	270 85 88 28 54 15 201 79 70 18 34 - 272 61 69 32 81 29 29.8	242 46 112 64 11 9 89 28 38 14 7 2 148 10 44 49 28 17 31.6	435 77 189 82 76 11 132 45 52 12 23 - 137 20 55 6 34 22 32.1	196 29 68 31 59 9 49 5 19 8 17 - 45 8 15 - 16 6	122 45 27 33 5 46 15 13 18 - - 13 - 13 - 34.2	57 -13 7 37 -27 9 9 4 5 - - 8 6 - - - 2 43.6	11	13 228 9 883 14 810 14 297 15 227 8 403 8 622 8 698 9 708 11 250 8 289 3 664 5 933 6 017 7 801 8 201 6 920 4 135	14 935 10 542 15 677 15 026 20 842 10 664 10 172 10 168 10 831 13 396 7 085 7 085 7 041 8 476 7 670 5 078	248 98 41 67 27 15 260 67 67 67 34 39 53 929 196 177 66 177 66 170 320 39.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to Morch 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or earlier	3 172 1 739 348 301 202	840 394 131 113 94	1 000 460 83 100 47	387 268 38 37 13	279 137 28 18 17	355 287 21 15 26	139 103 32 16	115 61 - - 5	46 29 15 2	11 - - -	8 607 10 145 7 028 6 488 5 648	10 531 11 358 10 151 7 957 7 530	804 374 87 96 76
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 646 3 683 1 803 107 53 116 54 55	1 495 1 185 284 21 5 77 41 29	1 651 1 115 486 36 14 39 13 26	743 483 236 12 12 - - -	479 245 214 20 - - - - -	704 351 330 9 14 	290 164 118 - 8 - -	181 89 88 4   	92 43 44 5 - - -	11 8 3 - - - - -	8 901 7 535 11 393 9 708 11 563 3 417 3 600 4 250 	10 655 9 447 13 003 11 755 12 468 3 872 3 326 4 619 2 215	1 371 884 421 41 25 66 28 31 - 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	5 756 4 460 3 218 1 602 4 780 2 972 1 808 5 756 4 865 35 804 19 33 4.0	1 566 1 137 741 442 862 741 121 1 566 1 334 20 199 — 13 3.4	1 690 1 194 841 407 1 478 1 116 362 1 690 1 457 213 6 7 3.9	743 619 441 213 714 479 235 743 633 — 110 —	479 391 297 98 454 198 256 479 415 6 50 8 	704 620 511 233 698 278 420 704 588 — 111 5	290 247 167 80 290 120 170 290 232 2 2 4.8	181 151 130 72 181 21 160 181 132 - 38 - 11	92 90 79 46 92 19 73 92 66 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 5.5	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 8 8 - 3 - 6.9	8 737 9 515 10 153 9 277 10 175 8 130 14 316 8 737 8 580 4 688 9 773 13 594 6 250	10 525 11 211 11 969 12 134 11 794 9 105 16 215 10 525 10 150 6 951 12 784 11 803 13 866	1 437 966 603 330 891 723 168 1 437 1 253 27 144 — 13
Specified renter-occupied housing units  CONTRACT RENT  Less than \$100	1 510 1 561 1 355 646 244 50 13 26 2 228 \$133	763 396 204 69 21 5 - 8 - 68 \$97	426 574 437 131 26 11 - 3 2 63 \$127	712 113 177 268 91 25 2 - 4 - 32 \$155	60 144 139 79 28 - - - 20 \$154	76 172 230 133 27 8 3 5 - 29 \$160	290  59 53 62 63 39 6 5 - 3 \$175	7 33 12 52 54 12 - - 11 \$227	81 6 12 3 28 19 6 5 - - 2 \$240	11 	4 963 8 082 10 340 13 513 19 342 19 688 21 750 11 250 8 750 8 229	6 765 9 381 10 777 15 169 23 486 20 011 28 328 18 361 9 010 9 980	1 409 621 381 228 62 27 11 - 8 - 71 \$105
GROSS RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$490 \$500 or more No cosh rent No cosh rent No cosh rent CROSS RENT AS DERCENTACE OF HOUSEHALD	773 1 264 1 318 1 031 529 317 97 53 25 228	553 404 268 146 45 31 - 11 8 68 \$118	155 514 443 316 130 19 22 9 2 63 \$161	10 113 239 207 63 41 3 - 4 32 \$195	11 75 119 121 68 43 13 - 20 \$208	30 98 167 166 105 55 20 8 5 29 \$213	14 40 51 53 70 48 - 11 - 3 \$230	- 9 28 15 25 55 37 1 - 11 \$307	11 3 7 23 22 2 11 - 2 \$291	- - - - 3 - 2 6 - \$500+	3 970 6 662 9 404 10 646 13 474 18 614 17 188 19 250 11 563 8 229	4 815 8 194 9 958 11 170 14 660 21 857 19 529 20 397 19 004 9 980	403 371 272 176 57 25 9 17 8 71 \$128
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Less thon 15 percent	1 098 879 922 654 402 622 770 288 23.8	31 64 139 120 105 285 662 128 47.8	132 160 351 317 219 327 104 63 27.6	84 197 194 135 61 5 4 32 21.5	116 146 114 60 14 - 20 18.7	325 198 106 17 3 5 - 29 15.1	191 73 18 5 - - - 3 13.0	129 41 - - - - 11 12.6	79 - - - - - 2 10—	11  - - - - - 10.4	17 236 12 817 9 489 8 505 6 714 5 275 2 637 6 026	20 047 13 427 9 892 8 549 6 902 5 240 3 013 7 817	38 70 123 67 82 269 629 131 49.3

## Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[GGIG GJE GGIIIII		sample, see intro							did oj	
Joplin city	Tatal	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or mare	Median (dallars)
Specified awner-occupied hausing units	4 945	1 701	926	710	584	346	346	214	60	58	242
PERSONS IN UNIT	571	330	111	56	23	18	22	10			105
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	1 553 1 125	638 350	295 183	260 195	159 138	102	23 64 78	10 29 78	6	- - 14	185 223 258 275
4 persons 5 persons	1 019 481	242 115	209 128	115 52	145 67	96 25 20	84 63	80 6	19 17	29	275 249 351
6 persons	111	14 12	-	32 -	9 27	20 14	29 5	īī.	_	7 -	342
8 or mare persons	16 2.81	2.32	2.81	2.70	16 3.30	3.25	3.60	3.37	3.82	4.02	325
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	3 917	1 202	729	571	495	302	311	198	58	51	252
15 ta 24 years	234 1 103	67 240	55 201	50 135	17 193	22 113	15	4 80	4	20	252 245 291
35 to 44 years	934 1 396	256 512	158 274	94 253 39	131 129	87 72	100 86	50 54 10	31 12	27 4	291 278 234 199
65 years and over Male householder, na wife present	250 <b>254</b> 17	127 <b>113</b> 10	41 33 2	39 <b>43</b> 5	25 19	8 18	14	10 7	-	7	199 <b>221</b> 181
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	74 53 94	17 15	23	19 19	3 8	12	- 2	- 2	=	- 7	243 280
45 to 64 years65 years and over	16	65	- 8	-	6 2	6	12	5 -	-	_ _	167 213
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	774 12 125	386 6 31	164 - 30	96 - 29	70  10	26 6 10	21	9 - 6	2	_	200 275 253
35 to 44 years	133 330	39 181	30 76	21 41	31 22	6 2	6	-	_ 2	-	246
65 years and over	174 <b>42.8</b>	129 <b>49.1</b>	28 <b>42.0</b>	43.3	7 38.4	35.7 <sup>2</sup>	38.8	3 37.8	41.2	36.7	164
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	849 1 804 1 063	135 469 397	113 329 233	170 238 161	112 308 98	116 155 61	64 191 57	82 74 43	32 14	25 26	303 272 229
1960 ta 1969	888 341	488 212	155	118	66	8 6	34	11	8		193 184
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	76 637	62 418	136 361	- 44	6 23 128	_ 12	_	- 4	_	_	160 176
5 raams6 rooms	1 635 1 263	717 346	227	281 218	200	88 110	34 108	26 41	7	_ 6	214 263
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	681 653 5.6	83 75 5.0	115 79 5.4	97 70 5.6	134 93 6,2	80 56 6.2	85 119 6.9	54 89 7.2	26 27 7.4	45 8.3	317 358
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	3.0	5.0	5.4	5.0	0.2	0.2	0.7	7.2	7.4	0.5	
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	396 377	20 45	21 73	22 37	68 55	45 83	85 55	77 23	37 2	21	424 330
1960 ta 1969 1950 to 1959	968 979	245 387	168	203 170	55 156 98	79 46	81 26	22 12	8 4	6 6	330 267 222
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	790 1 435	335 669	213 221	74 204	56 151	43 50	34 65	35 45	9	21	214
VALUE Less than \$10,000	250	211	20	0	10						150
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	258 909 1 184	211 626 452	28 156 300	9 69 250	10 48 121	3 48	7	- 9			152 178 223
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	987 614	278 83	226 161	175   97	149 112	74 87	61 47	10 27	7 -	7 –	248 282
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	475 336	44	29 26	79 31	91 44	70 62	109	42 83 22	11 11	12	347 408
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	106 65 11		=	-	9 -	2   -	41 10	14 7	14   13   4	11 28	485 698 579
Median	\$31 100	\$20 200	\$28 100	\$31 100	\$37 500	\$44 900	\$53 600	\$64 800	\$81 100	\$98 000	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	1 941 997	937 271	357 197	277 139	112 182	73 107	108	55 22	13 9	9 10	205 261
20 ta 24 percent	750 398	158 80	141	116 77	110 84	65 38	78 42	22 52 29	16	14 6	283 305
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	228 603 28	189 22	36 161	39 62	34 62	12 51	19 39	32 18	12	19	294 235 164
Median	17.6	14.0	17.7	17.8	19.9	19.7	20.3	22.6	22.5	23.6	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	4 945	1 701	926	710	584	<b>34</b> 6 30	346	214	60	58	242
Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump	146 3 247	793	17 638	20 526	13   441	30 269	23 307	24 181	9 51	10 41	388 268
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	33   1 017   502	544 364	17 200 54	114 46	12   100   18	47	- 3 13	- 9 -	-	-   -   7	249 195 160
Air conditioning	4 020 1 888	1 195 279	789 344	586 258	503 283	311 199	<b>325</b> 271	<b>200</b> 157	<b>60</b> 56	<b>51</b> 41	252 311
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	2 132 <b>4 945</b>	916 1 <b>701</b>	445 <b>926</b>	328 710	220 584	112 346	54 <b>34</b> 6	43 214	4 60	10 58	217 242
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	4 644 35 211	1 632 28 19	882 - 44	688	556 - 22	319   - 27	291 7 35	184 - 30	49 _ 11	43 - 8	239 177 360
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc.	6 49	22	-	7	6		6 7	-	-	7	425 268

# Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Joplin city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 ta \$124		\$150 to \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 ar more	Median (dallars)
The same of the same of										
Specified owner-accupied hausing units	4 437	387	1 443	1 180	762	318	236	57	54	83
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 701	303	707	396	182	71	30	_	12	69
2 persons3 persons	2 030 376	62 13	568 86	615 106	366 114	175 40	30 170 11	46	28 6	91 96
4 persons5 persons5	208 71	4	62 18	52 7	59 14	9 18	15	5 6	2	93 119
6 persons 7 persons 7	38 5	_ 5	2		23	5 -	8			118 50—
8 ar more persons	8 1.75	1.14	1.53	1.82	2.04	2.00	2.02	2,12	2.04	100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-cauple families	2 361	60	612	678	<b>505</b>	209	206	51	40	94
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	17 105 90	20 5	28 23	27 22	16 16 23	-	8	-	6	104 79
35 to 44 years	1 122 1 027	21 14	245 316	322 300	283 173	98	91 100	40	22 12	94 98 90
65 years and over Male hausehalder, no wife present	406	107	148	90	20	41	-	6 -	-	66
15 to 24 years	7 51	- 0	- 14	1	-	6 22	_	-	_	66 83 135 88 69 61 73 73 113 80 96
35 to 44 years	98 242	14 85	47 85	24 52	13	13	-	_	_	69
65 years and over Female hausehalder, na husband present	1 670	220	683	412	237	68	30	6	14	73
15 to 24 years	13 46		5	8 17	-	-	_	_ _ 6	- 0	80
35 to 44 years	377 1 228	54 164	139 532	62 325	90 141	15	17 13	-	-	76 74 71
65 years and over Median age	67.3	69.8	<b>70.</b> 5	67.3	62.5	65.9	64.6	57.8	49.1	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	164 470	28 35 29	30 78	19 122	120	30	12 44	31	12 10	87 100
1970 to 1974	456 1 017	86	152 356	100 203	87 186	54 88	25 81	7	10	87 83
1959 or earlier	2 330	209	827	706	336	146	74	12	20	80
1 to 3 roams	188	78	81	20	7	_	_	_	2	55
4 rooms5 rooms	1 109 1 531	181 79	480 620	336 462	78 218	14 92	12 34	2 14	6	69 79 98
6 raoms7 raoms	954 380	32 11	201 45	268 73	247 119	122 51	66 74	14 7	4 -	98 113
8 or more rooms	275 5.1	6 4.1	16 4.8	21 5.0	93 5.8	39 5.9	50 6.6	20 6.4	30 8.5+	126
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	104 73	14 10	- 2	18 11	50 25	5	12	5 8	- 6	110 113
1960 ta 1969	417 740	15	50 182	54 248	94 140	86	93 61	19	6 8	124
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	677 2 426	79 260	182 280 929	207 642	64 389	81 27 108	14 56	6 8	34	93 73 76
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	667 1 461	183 172	321 685	111 401	43 145	9 30	_ 26	_ 2	_	62 70
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	1 028 589	23	343 84	376 204	186 196	64	18 36		18	85 100
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	309 153	5	8	68	132	62 46	15 37	22	2	115 132
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	131	- 1	_	9	4	35	78 18	5 12	_	161 176
\$100,000 ta \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	48 10	-	2		6	ĺ	8	4	28 4	250+ 242
Median	\$20 600	\$10 500	\$15 500	\$21 400	\$30 400	\$35 600	\$55 600	\$58 800	\$112 500	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent10 to 14 percent	2 055 866	146 109	658 221	508 255	375 143	195	113 68	34 15	26	86
15 to 19 percent	565 384	79 27	248 127	128 141	62	55 21 16	13	- 6	14	85 1 71
25 ta 29 percent	226 84	13	95 20	69	62 52 28	13	12 - 0	-	8	82 77 92 102
35 percent or moreNat computed	238	13	63 11	33 38	23 79	18	19	2	6	102 72
Median	10.9	12.2	11.3	11.5	10.2	10-	10.4	10—	15.4	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Steam or hot water system	4 437 148	387	1 443	1 180 37	<b>762</b> 65	318	236 14	57	<b>54</b> 16	83 112
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 976 39	55	303 25 687	570 12	502	255	202 —	57	32 -	103 69 68
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 344 930	176 156	423	384 177	82 111	15 37	20	-	6	68 68
Air conditioning Central system	3 230 1 012	142 27	949 75	913 224	626 226	276 179	219 182	<b>57</b> 57	48 42	68 89 120
l or mare individual room units  House heating fuel	2 218 4 437	115 <b>387</b>	874 1 443	689 1 180	400 <b>762</b>	97 318	37 <b>236</b>	57	6 54	79 <b>83</b> 83
Utility gas	4 241 60	365 9	1 403	1 138 10	738	297	195 22	51	54 -	104
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc	98	-	30	25	6 -	12	19	6 -	_	94
Other	38	13	-	7	11	7		_	_	96

Table B -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Dura dre estima	Owi	ner-occupied ho		mediang or sp		TOO CHOIL TO		er-occupied ha			
Joplin city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 ar earlier	Tatal	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	10 263	547	544	1 524	3 393	4 255	5 762	634	557	696	1 952	1 923
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 65 years and aver Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver 65 years and aver	6 809 290 1 307 1 091 2 703 1 418 771 31 104 116 216 304 2 683 29 149 184 758 1 563 56.3	460 22 147 146 106 39 35 - - 2 15 18 52 4 18 - 27 3	462 13 127 103 183 36 17 - 3 2 2 10 65 2 1 7 43 12 45.8	1 118 35 247 193 457 186 88 - 24 17 26 21 318 - 33 54 84 147 52.0	2 361 131 419 348 975 488 270 25 57 53 74 61 762 17 37 39 266 403 54,9	2 408 89 367 301 982 669 361 6 20 42 99 194 1 486 6 60 84 338 998 62.2	1 985 508 647 330 379 121 1 293 437 420 130 198 108 2 484 476 538 233 507 730 33.9	187 25 62 27 58 15 118 19 49 13 11 26 329 48 46 32 85 118	140 18 69 24 11 18 97 49 26 - 17 5 320 68 77 48 19 108 32.4	374 75 151 33 92 23 105 48 29 15 11 2 217 56 52 27 44 38 32.4	750 231 248 165 89 17 457 215 156 49 37 	534 159 117 81 129 48 516 106 160 160 160 175 873 99 145 41 225 363 45.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 118 2 482 1 655 2 116 2 892	198 349 - - -	65 207 272 -	140 464 256 664 -	379 740 550 658 1 066	336 722 577 794 1 826	3 172 1 739 348 301 202	431 203 - - -	317 178 62 - -	394 225 44 33	1 201 559 83 82 27	829 574 159 186 175
ROOMS	4 37 309 1 929 3 414 2 439 2 131 5.3	- 10 44 119 166 208 6.1	2 - 10 63 168 163 138 5.7	6 38 149 528 445 358 5.6	2 21 81 708 1 161 843 577 5.3	10 170 965 1 438 822 850 5.2	120 397 1 458 1 703 1 220 608 256 4.0	37 214 211 94 64 14 3.8	16 35 141 191 98 42 34 4.0	7 17 94 228 224 93 33 4.5	30 90 441 648 398 231 114 4.1	67 218 568 425 406 178 61 3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 225 7 438 2 685 77 25 38 28	547 331 216 - - - - - - -	544 348 184 12 - - - -	1 524 1 064 428 19 13 - -	3 387 2 450 902 27 8 6 6	4 223 3 245 955 19 4 32 22 - 5	5 646 3 683 1 803 107 53 116 54 .55	634 462 172 - - - - -	550 414 136 - - 7 7 - -	688 389 271 17 11 8 7	1 929 1 147 725 34 23 23 12 11	1 845 1 271 499 56 19 78 28 43
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	2 522 3 924 1 637 1 343 584 253 2.17 25 216	67 153 108 174 40 5 3.00	52 182 117 119 37 37 2.82	249 599 339 222 76 39 2.36 4 026	754 1 466 467 462 199 45 2.14	1 400 1 524 606 366 232 127 1.98 9 584	2 462 1 552 801 544 248 155 1.77	295 177 93 32 37 - 1.62	301 124 68 50 4 10 1.43	196 201 102 120 47 30 2.26	661 548 366 231 98 48 2.07 4 536	1 009 502 172 111 62 67 1.45 3 786
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mabile hame or trailer, etc.	9 942 73 69 30 20 5	520  - 4  23	479 - 5 - - - 60	1 472 - 6 5 - - 41	3 362 6 4 9 7 5	4 109 67 54 16 9 -	3 063 531 674 318 744 393 39	96 94 96 43 149 154 2	100 26 51 80 142 126 32	367 28 62 39 143 52 5	1 429 165 167 40 129 22	1 071 218 298 116 181 39
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or mare individual room units House heating fuel Utility ga 8attled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent belaw paverty level	10 263 366 5 730 83 2 551 1 533 7 941 3 193 4 748 10 263 9 718 9 718 105 342 6 92 1 175	547 16 497 7 12 15 518 491 27 547 417 7 116	544 	1 524 4 1 334 2 127 57 1 412 901 511 1 524 1 467 7 50 	3 393 45 1 904 40 1 010 394 2 632 909 1 723 3 393 3 230 41 94 6 22 364 10.7	4 255 301 1 496 25 1 383 1 050 2 905 512 2 393 4 255 4 125 50 30 667 15.7	5 756 347 2 408 181 1 524 1 296 3 218 1 602 1 616 5 756 4 865 35 804 19 33 1 437 24.9	634 19 567 21 27 	557 15 458 54 12 18 520 443 77 557 282 - 269 - 6 144 25.9	696 9 504 14 88 81 563 387 176 696 554 - 126 13 3 106 15.2	1 946 73 541 61 704 567 920 127 793 1 946 1 848 14 84 	1 923 231 338 31 693 630 620 77 543 1 923 1 825 21 47 6 24 557 29.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or \$49,999	1 694 1 824 951 816 1 609 1 173 1 343 544 309 \$14 530 \$17 518	24 36 21 44 89 102 106 72 53 \$23 032 \$28 587	34 49 47 33 86 97 80 82 36 \$21 173 \$24 977	125 128 106 133 272 244 295 149 72 \$19 957 \$22 992	448 658 324 352 584 377 481 112 57 \$14 393 \$16 386	1 063 953 453 254 578 353 381 129 91 \$10 615 \$14 084	1 572 1 690 743 479 704 290 181 92 11 \$8 727 \$10 518	213 165 66 26 79 25 52 8 - \$7 114 \$10 664	180 130 61 35 57 57 16 18 8 8 709 \$12 885	75 224 79 79 118 45 42 28 6 \$11 551 \$13 653	447 566 335 193 255 88 40 26 2 2 \$9 641 \$10 470	657 605 202 146 195 31 12 - \$7 379 \$8 698

## Table B=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	C	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-accupied	housing units			
Joplin city	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	10 263	9 942	197	124	<b>5 762</b> 57	3 063	531	674	318 24	<b>744</b>	393 16	39
Condominium housing units  HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HCUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	6 809 290 1 307 1 091 2 703	6 6 <b>50</b> 261 1 281 1 080 2 648	91 14 4 9 50	68 15 22 2	1 985 508 647 330 379	1 378 327 452 260 285	146 22 67 12 31	138 69 39 16 5	79 38 4 2	167 37 61 35 16	77 15 24 5 25	- - - -
65 years and over	1 418 771 31 104 116 216 304	1 380 724 31 94 116 198 285	14 32 - 10 - 12 10	24 15 - - - 6 9	121 1 293 437 420 130 198 108	54 467 130 184 66 64 23	14 131 53 37 18 16	9 220 117 51 7 43	18 123 48 46 7 11	18 264 80 85 26 52	8 71 7 7 1 12 44	17 2 10 5
Female householder, no husband present	2 683 29 149 184 758 1 563	2 568 23 147 184 737 1 477	74 - - - 11 63	41 6 2 - 10 23	2 484 476 538 233 507 730	1 218 197 303 125 311 282	254 49 58 30 63 54	316 76 71 34 44 91	116 27 7 14 25 43	313 83 65 15 34 116	245 32 28 15 30 140	22 12 6 - - 4
Medion oge YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	56.3 1 118 2 482 1 655 2 116 2 892	56.2 1 077 2 416 1 573 2 036 2 840	62.1 20 29 47 49 52	61.3 21 37 35 31	33.9 3 172 1 739 348 301 202	34.2 1 524 1 004 187 216 132	33.4 326 143 18 12 32	28.8 496 114 41 23	32.9 154 102 29 19	32.3 450 207 49 20 18	199 153 24 11	27.0 23 16 - -
ROOMS 1 rooms	4 37 309 1 929 3 414 2 439	4 25 256 1 813 3 340 2 404	12 34 44 43 33	- 19 72 31 2	120 397 1 458 1 703 1 220 608	11 72 413 980 886 457	35 196 207 72 21	11 78 260 163 102 60	5 47 121 43 66 32	88 84 240 215 71 38	5 81 220 64 23	- 8 31 - -
7 or mare roams	2 131 5.3 10 225 7 438 2 685	2 100 5.4 9 <b>904</b> 7 212 2 594	31 4.7 197 131 66	4.1 124 95 25	256 4.0 <b>5 64</b> 6 3 683 1 803	244 4.6 3 052 1 829 1 126	3.7 <b>524</b> 403 113	3.5 652 440 198	3.4 291 198 86	8 3.3 695 464 208	3.0 393 318 64	3.9 39 31 8
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	77 25 38 28 - 5 5	73 25 <b>38</b> 28 - 5 5	-	4 - - - - -	107 53 116 54 55 - 7	81 16 11 10 1	- 8 7 7 - -	14 - 22 11 11 	7 - <b>27</b> 20 7 - -	5 18 <b>49</b> 6 36 - 7	11 - - -	-
BEDROOMS  None	10 650 4 383 4 260 830 130	10 577 4 218 4 182 825 130	- 56 69 67 5	- 17 96 11 -	231 2 154 2 315 908 152 2	38 673 1 498 717 135 2	6 267 246 12 -	33 398 160 71 12	12 178 88 40 -	123 329 231 56 5	19 307 55 12 -	- 2 37 - - -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 ar mare	1 694 1 824 951 816 1 609 1 173 1 343 544 309 \$14 530	1 612 1 758 910 806 1 565 1 150 1 306 526 309 \$14 643	39 34 32 4 25 21 30 12 - \$11,992	43 32 9 6 19 2 7 6 - 87 500	1 572 1 690 743 479 704 290 181 92 11	636 794 486 344 427 190 121 57 8 \$10 522	151 158 61 35 79 27 14 6	235 287 67 35 44 - 6 - - \$6 604	112 99 16 13 26 28 10 11 3 \$7 260	219 237 90 35 103 25 24 11	192 107 23 15 25 20 4 7 - \$5 156	27 8 2 - - 2 2 - - 2 - - 3 661
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$17 518	\$17 658	\$14 772	\$10 699	\$10 518	\$11 565	\$10 259	\$7 302	\$13 106	\$9 772	\$8 043	\$5 477
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-oir fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or mare	10 263 366 5 730 83 2 551 1 533 7 941 3 193 9 351 3 665 5 686	9 942 325 5 531 75 2 497 1 514 7 704 3 088 9 087 3 531 5 556	197 41 77 6 54 19 126 39 153 64	124 - 122 2 - - 111 66 111 70 41	5 756 347 2 408 181 1 524 1 296 3 218 1 602 4 780 2 972 1 808	3 063 30 1 009 51 1 088 885 1 456 308 2 666 1 367 1 299	531 12 212 25 161 121 277 155 448 307 141	668 60 283 20 162 143 <b>356</b> 198 <b>550</b> 455	318 42 135 21 70 50 179 139 272 188 84	744 162 454 29 31 68 548 465 551 418	393 41 294 35 6 17 367 331 264 218	39 - 21 - 6 12 35 6 29 19 10 39
House heating fuel  Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas  Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc. Other  Water heating fuel	10 263 9 718 105 342 6 92 10 238	9 942 9 418 105 321 6 92 9 917	197 182 - 15 - 197	124 118 - 6 - - 124	5 756 4 865 35 804 19 33 5 721	3 063 2 913 29 100 	531 438 - 79 8 6 531	668 605 6 51 6 -	318 214 - 98 - 6 318	744 464 - 275 5 - 708	393 192 - 201 - - 393	39 39  - - - - 39
Utility gas  Bottled, tank, ar LP gas  Electricity  Fuel ail, kerosene, etc.  Other  Fomily householder	9 404 90 737 7 - 7 652	9 130 90 690 7 -	188 - 9 - - 114	86 - 38 - - 77	4 778 121 808 8 6	2 887 47 124 - - 1 946	425 14 84 8 -	579 26 69 - - 242	226 12 74 - 6 109	438 16 254 - - - 273	197 6 190 - - 1 <b>00</b>	26 - 13 - - 8
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years With own children under 6 years With own children under 18 years With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 016 1 214 677 262 39 2 611 1 175	2 952 1 192 650 262 39 2 481 1 102	46 8 18 - - 83 32	18 14 9 - - 47	1 805 1 006 818 635 287 2 828 1 437	1 257 657 522 408 153 1 117 686	114 52 <b>84</b> 55 19 <b>275</b> 133	178 118 <b>90</b> 90 49 <b>432</b> 197	56 34 17 11 11 209 91	156 112 <b>76</b> 58 49 <b>471</b>	36 27 23 7 - 293 115	8 6 6 6 31 25
Percent below poverty level	11.4	11.1	16.2	33.1	24.9	22.4	25.0	29.2	28.6	25.5	29.3	64.1

Table B - 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				saochon. Far me	,						
Joplin city	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Tatal persons
Owner-occupied housing units	10 <b>263</b> 194	2 522 -	<b>3 924</b> 81	1 <b>637</b> 37	1 343 31	<b>584</b> 25	149 20	80	24 -	<b>2.17</b> 2.93	<b>25 216</b> 645
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	350	211	98	16	12	13	-	-	-	1.33	576
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	1 929 3 414 2 439	811 907 363	764 1 372 1 129	212 553 391	92 406 370	43 152 151	2 8 30	5 12 5	4	1.70 2.08 2.26	3 786 7 722 6 170
7 rooms	1 130 1 001	115	371 190	209 256	265 198	100	38 71	28 30	4	2.88 3.26	3 435 3 527
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.3	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.9	6.1	7.4	7.1	8.1	•••	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 225 10 123	<b>2 497</b> 2 497	3 924 3 922	1 <b>634</b> 1 <b>634</b>	1 343 1 331	<b>579</b> 528	149 139	<b>75</b> 58	<b>24</b> 14	2.17 2.15	<b>25 107</b> 24 559
1.01 to 1.50	77 25	-	_ 2		6 6	38 13	10	17	6 4	5.36 4.85	446 102
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	38 28	25 25	-	<b>3</b> 3	-	5 - 5	-	5 -	-	1.26 1.06 5.00	109
1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE	5	-	-	-	-	-	- [	5	=	7.00	28 36
1, detached or ottoched	9 942 197	2 399 81	3 804 56	1 612 23	1 307 24	567 13	149	80	24	2.18 1.81	24 449 506
Mobile hame or trailer, etc	124	42	64	2	12	4	-	-	-	1.81	261
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	9 382 925	2 272 403	3 <b>583</b> 315	1 501 59	1 227 71	<b>552</b> 47	149	<b>74</b> 20	24 4	<b>2.18</b> 1.69	23 004 2 024
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	2 370 2 <b>2</b> 12	902 543	786 968	365 305	184 254	85 115	30 14	14 11	4 2	1.86 2.08	5 132 4 869
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 576 923	216 117	647 391 276	271 157	226 177	147 64	42 12	13	14	2.38 2.38	4 144 2 347
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	628 467 147	22 49 12	134 45	142 129 42	141 112 28	21 25 20	26 13	5	=	2.61 2.89 2.89	1 928 1 444 457
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	113 21	8 -	17 4	27 4	30 4	19	6	6	_	3.65 4.13	539 120
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$25 500	\$17 400	\$26 000	\$30 600	\$33 300	\$32 100	\$37 500	\$28 200	\$31 400	•••	•••
All income levels in 1979	10 263 \$14 530	2 522 \$5 108	3 <b>924</b> \$14 454	1 <b>637</b> \$20 425	<b>1 343</b> \$21 630	<b>584</b> \$19 085	149 \$21 607	<b>80</b> \$12 500	<b>24</b> \$25 357	2.17	25 216
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	14.5	19.5	12.3	13.1	14.5	15.9	19.9	28.3	17.9		
With a mortgaged	17.6 10.9 <b>1 175</b>	27.6 17.5 <b>658</b>	16.3 10— <b>266</b>	16.0 10— 6!	16.8 10— <b>45</b>	17.3   10—   91	22.6 10—	40.2 17.5 <b>37</b>	17.9 30.0	1.39	:::
Median income	\$3 151	\$2 923	\$3 359	\$2500—	\$3 594	\$4 718	\$2500—	\$9 034	\$2500		
household income With a martgage	37.8 50+	29.0 50+	44.4 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	46.4 47.6	50+	•••	
Not mortgoged  Renter-occupied housing units	27.8 5 762	27.8 2 462	27.5 1 <b>552</b>	50+ 801	50 + <b>544</b>	22.5 248	95	17.5	50+ 12	1.77	12 400
Nonrelatives present	508	- 402	298	ĭĭi	55	111	19	14	-	2.35	1 397
1 room	120 397	96 345	17 33	7 8	~	~	11	-	_	1.13 1.08	153 464
3 rooms	1 458 1 703	972 612	366 <b>63</b> 2	94 268	12 144	_ 28	8	6	-	1.25 1.88	2 063 3 448
5 rooms	1 220 608	328 94	326 123	221 156	220 117	95 74	13 30	12 14	5	2.37 3.06	3 242 1 982 1 048
7 or more rooms	256 4.0	15 3.3	55 4.1	47 4.6	51 5.0	51 5.5	20 5.6	10 5.5	7.6	3.72	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>5 646</b> 5 486	2 386 2 386	1 531 1 514	782 774	<b>544</b> 532	<b>248</b> 220	9 <b>5</b> 50	48 10	12	1 <b>.7</b> 9	12 213 11 358
1.01 to 1.50	107	2 300	1 314	8	12	28	26 19	26 12	7 5	5.71 6.00	642
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	116 109	<b>76</b> 76	21 21	19 12	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	1.26 1.22	187 166
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	7	-	-	7	-	_	-	-	-	3.00	21
1, detached or ottoched	3 063	921	846	550	425	191	76	42	12	2.22	7 877
3 and 4 5 to 9	531 674 318	226 400 170	229 134 88	62 80 28	26 30	34	8 - -	=	=	1.67 1.34 1.44	916 1 200 555
10 to 49 50 or more	744 393	438 284	179 68	66 13	38 13	2 17 4	11	6	_	1.35	1 191   589
Mobile home or troiler, etc	39	23	8	2	6	-	-	-	-	1.35	72
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	5 6 <b>35</b> 773	2 407 664	1 <b>529</b> 76	<b>785</b> 21	<b>530</b> 12	229	95 -	48	12	1.77 1.08	12 124 952
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 264 1 318	641 464	372 449	133 176	160	37 27	24 30	6 12	7	1,49 1,93	2 358 2 803
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 031 529 317	351 133 44	229 174 112	207 115 63	128 74 66	84 27 12	16	16 - 10	- - 5	2.22 2.26 2.54	2 521 1 383 895
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	97 53 25	5 6	27 15	63 23 5	19 8	16	3 -	4 -	-	3.22 3.56	416 186
\$500 or more No cash rent	228	- 99	64	42 42	12 7	5	- 11	-		3.63 1.73	81 529
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$174	\$136	\$176	\$211	\$220	\$226	\$166	\$234	\$129		
All income levels in 1979  Medion income Medion grass rent os percentage of household income _	\$ 762 \$8 727 23.8	<b>2 462</b> \$5 722 27.6	1 <b>552</b> \$10 666 21.3	\$11 502 21.3	\$12 632 \$12 632 22,4	\$14 609	95 \$9 598 23.6	\$11 667 19.5	\$9 643 22.5	1.77	12 400
Income in 1979 below poverty level	23.8 1 437 \$3 169	\$27.6 <b>727</b> \$2 784	21.3 294 \$2 825	\$4 444	148 \$4 333	20.2 45 \$4 844	\$7 679	\$5 417	\$8 750	1.49	
Medion gross rent os percentage of household income _	49.3	44.8	50+	43.1	50+	50+	29.5	50+,	22.5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 8 - 10.

Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

33.8 33.8 33.8 34.1 29.6 37.0 40.8 30.5 Median 70.1 61.4 44.4 40.3 39.6 56.3 557 83 83 83 83 83 83 53.21 1 21 88 15 65 years and over 1 563 45 to 64 years 2522238 20222238 20222238 88222228 emate househalder, no husband presen to 44 years 233 52 88 88 53 7 7 7 7 577 573 to 34 years 149 50 43 39 17 17 --277 538 213 88 88 52 52 15 19 15 15 516 77 77 55 68 89 89 30 63 117 17 149 25 15 to 24 years 1.31 1.18 1 1 1 23 226 171 73 6 6 ---783 783 29 291 65 years and over 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 38 82 -26 191 45 132 133 19.4 19.4 45 to 64 years 198 180 15 15 105 105 124 125 176 22 -Male hausehalder, no wife present 35 to 44 28 27 27 21.7 21.7 50 30 16 7 7 7 7 7 7 263 263 87 17 15 15 250 250 250 25 to 34 years 42=8 1 1 E E 321 70 12 17 17 1.15 ---17.1 5 15 to 24 years 31 6.7 437 32 32 33 23 23 14 25 18 65 years and over 121 121 117 4 4 - - - - - - - 248 248 13.66 878 878 878 1479 1479 13.1 13.1 12.2 83.4 61 61 61 61 12.2 83.4 61 10 61 45 to 64 years 213 688 33 33 16 16 145 2 703 88 L Married-couple families 35 to 44 years 8411 1 091 89 248 392 227 227 135 4.03 109 109 345 335 335 258 370 492 136 51 3.55 208 103 347 247 256 108 67 104 18.9 105 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 647 25 to 34 years 1 307 646 52 1 288 8.8 8.8 15 to 24 years 259 182 43 43 15 364 175 79 28 8 8 2.33 508 2 522 3 924 1 637 1 343 584 253 2.17 25 216 635 098 879 922 654 402 622 770 770 73.8 Fotal 52285 462 552 80 248 400 400 846 160 160 7 263 762 AORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 SROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-occupied housing units or mare persons per raom \_\_\_\_\_complete plumbing for exclusive use \_\_\_\_ I or more persons per raom ....... complete plumbing far exclusive use. I or more persons per room ....... Owner-occupied housing units With a martgage
Less than 15 percent
15 to 19 percent
20 to 24 percent
25 to 29 percent
35 percent or more
Not computed
Median
Not martgaged
Less than 10 percent
10 to 14 percent
15 to 19 percent
25 to 24 percent
25 to 24 percent
25 to 24 percent
25 to 24 percent
35 percent
Median
Median
Median Less than 15 percent
15 to 19 percent
20 to 24 percent
25 to 29 percent
30 to 34 percent
35 to 49 percent
Not computed
Median otal persons PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS IN UNIT Joplin city

29.6 28.2 32.7 33.7 37.2

33.8 33.4 52.3 27.5

56.3 40.7 72.5 32.5

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Mole hous	eholder			ion. For definition		Female hou	seholder		
Joplin city	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 522	575	20	64	50	156	285	1 947	18	50	38	495	1 346
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 497 25	562 13	20 -	64	50	156	272 13	1 935 12	18	50 -	38	489 6	1 340
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	2 399 81 42	537 25 13	20 _ _	54 10	50 _ _	147 5 4	266 10 9	1 862 56 29	12 - 6	50 - -	38 - -	474 11 10	1 288 45 13
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 243 712 148 115 131 73 37 46	204 125 56 46 52 42 23	- 8 - 6 6 - -	5 17 25 2 15 -	6 14 2 6 12 4 6	39 24 12 7 16 28 17	154 62 17 25 3 10 -	1 039 587 92 69 79 31 14	8 2 8 - - -	6 14 2 17 11 -	2 13 6 5 - 6	159 211 33 24 44 14	864 347 43 23 24 11 4 30
\$50,000 or more	\$5 108 \$8 210	\$7 427 \$12 068	\$13 333 \$12 391	\$11 000 \$10 519	\$13 750 \$13 355	11 \$13 571 \$19 645	\$4 762 \$8 020	\$4 804 \$7 070	\$6 250 \$7 345	\$12 941 \$11 179	\$11 667 \$22 497	\$7 305 \$8 280	\$4 326 \$6 033
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 272	496	14	52	50	141	239	1 776	12	50	38	458	1 218
With a morigage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	571 330 111 56 23 18 23 10	183 90 25 18 17 12 14 7	8 8 - - - - - -	52 14 17 6 3 12 - -	37 15 - 12 6 - 2 2	70 47 - - 6 - 12 5	16 6 8 - 2 - - -	388 240 86 38 6 6 9 3	6 6 - - - - - -	50 14 13 8 6 - 9	19 6 5 2 - 6 - -	172 107 42 23 - - - -	141 107 26 5 - - 3
\$750 or more Medion  Not mortgaged  Less than \$50  \$50 to \$74  \$75 to \$99  \$100 to \$124  \$125 to \$149  \$150 to \$199  \$200 to \$249	\$185 1 701 303 707 396 182 71 30	\$203 313 107 112 58 18	\$100 <u>-</u> 6 - 6 6	\$235 - - - - - - - -	\$265 13 8 - - 5 -	\$170 71 14 34 12 11 -	\$213 <b>223</b> 85 78 40 7 13 -	\$188 1 388 196 595 338 164 53 30	\$175 6 - - 6 - -	\$242 - - - - - - -	\$235 19 2 - 5 - 6 -	\$178 286 42 118 46 57 6 17	\$161 1 077 152 477 287 101 41 13
\$250 or more Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	12 \$69	\$61	\$88	-	\$50 <u></u>	\$66	\$58	12 \$71	\$113		\$135	\$71	\$70
Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	19.5 27.6 17.5 <b>658</b> 26.1	15.5 25.1 13.5 118 20.5	15.8 10— 17.5 —	27.5 27.5 - 5 7.8	19.2 26.5 14.5 6 12.0	10.9 16.0 10— 27 17.3	16.0 45.0 15.0 80 28.1	20.4 29.0 18.3 540 27.7	25.0 22.5 27.5	<b>29.3</b> 29.3 - - -	15.0 22.9 10—	19.3 26.7 13.9 103 20.8	20.3 33.8 19.2 437 32.5
Renter-occupied housing units	2 462	962	266	321	87	180	108	1 500	226	213	52	309	700
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	2 386 76	901 61	261 5	313 8	87 -	158 22	82 26	1 485 15	226	213	52 -	309 -	685 15
1, detoched ar ottached 2	921 226 400 170 438 284 23	324 79 180 82 214 70 13	74 22 88 26 47 7 2	126 32 44 27 79 7 6	40 8 7 7 20  5	61 10 39 11 47 12	23 7 2 11 21 44 -	597 147 220 88 224 214 10	60 25 52 5 51 27 6	113 20 22 7 33 18	7 8 11 14 6 6	153 40 44 25 24 23	264 54 91 37 110 140 4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	1 091 785 269 127 130 43 12	319 288 164 51 80 43 12	67 119 59 7 9 5	61 103 62 26 43 19 7	30 12 18 9 5 8 5	68 41 25 7 23 11 - 5	93 13 - 2 - - - -	772 497 105 76 50 -	99 110 11 - 6 - -	21 95 44 31 22 -	12 33 - 7 - - -	140 114 21 21 13 -	500 145 29 17 9 -
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$5 722 \$6 982	\$7 750 \$8 824	\$7 171 \$7 871	\$9 854 \$10 339	\$10 208 \$10 426	\$7 500 \$9 592	\$3 664 \$4 097	\$4 896 \$5 801	\$5 365 \$5 292	\$9 543 \$9 513	\$6 842 \$7 083	\$5 503 \$6 079	\$4 079 \$4 618
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 407 664 641 464 351 133 44 5	944 221 237 222 169 61 16	266 20 66 95 71 5	310 42 88 91 50 39	87 11 24 15 23 5	173 59 52 15 25 12 5	108 89 7 6 - - 2	1 463 443 404 242 182 72 28	226 6 110 63 35 - 5	207 18 40 47 65 21 5	52 19 14 7 6 6 -	294 74 81 59 51 14	684 326 159 66 25 31 8
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	6 - 99 \$136	13 \$151	- 9 \$177	- - \$157	- \$162	- - \$114	- - 4 \$81	6 - 86 \$127	- 7 \$144	6 - 5 \$198	- - - \$141	5 \$129	- 69 \$96
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	27.6 727 29.5	24.0 192 20.0	28.5 29 10.9	23.0 43 13.4	20.8 28 32.2	20.1 39 21.7	27.5 53 49.1	<b>29.4</b> 535 35.7	37.3 67 29.6	25.2 21 9.9	28.3 12 23.1	32.6 124 40.1	28.4 311 44.4

## Table B=12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					To theoling of symbols, see introduction. For detailing of			-,	
Joplin city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Joplin city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	161	61	22	78	Vacant for rent housing units	612	351	133	128
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	10 49 65 10 12	- 20 25 2 7	- 15 2 5	10 29 25 6	1 room	57 61 145 185 97	29 37 74 126 47	9 10 30 40 32	19 14 41 19
8 or more rooms	4.8	4.9	5.2	4.5	6 rooms 7 or more rooms	55 12	33 5	10	12 5
PLUMBING FACILITIES					MedionPLUMBING FACILITIES	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.3
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	161	61 -	22 -	78 ~	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	542 70	318 33	1 <b>2</b> 4	100 28
None	-	,-	-	_	BEDROOMS	, i	55		
1 2 3 3 4 5 or more	31 49 55 21 5	11 16 27 7 -	12 5 5	20 21 23 9 5	None	63 238 216 73 13	35 127 138 40 11	9 43 60 19 2	19 68 18 14
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	9	-	-	9
1975 to March 1980	9 2 19 15 32 84	6 2 - 14 39	- 5 2 5 10	14 13 13	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or earlier	96 38 64 57 107 250	62 31 41 33 54 130	34 5 9 9 30 46	- 2 14 15 23 74
), detoched or ottoched	153	60	22	71	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				1
2 or more Mobile home or trailer	í	ī	-	-	1, detoched or ottached	239 58	112 41	53 17	74
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Centrol heoting system Other means None	128 33 -	40 21 -	22 - -	66 12 -	3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	68 37 159 33 18	37 13 109 33 6	26 17 20 - -	5 7 30 - 12
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKEO				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	143 26 26 31 33 13	50 7 12 19 15 -	22 6 4 7 3 - 2	51 13 10 5 15 13 - 5	Specified vacant for rent housing units	612 179 156 139 78 58 2	351 69 77 91 68 44 2	133 68 28 35 - 2	128 42 51 13 10 12
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Median	5 - \$25 100	5 - \$22 300	\$23 800	- \$30 800	\$400 or more	\$132	\$159	\$98	\$121

# Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price osked	Specified	vocant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	d vocant for	rent housing	units	
Joplin city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	143	26	57	46	14	-	25 100	612	179	295	136	2	-	132
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	143 -	26 -	57 -	46 -	14	- -	25 100 -	542 70	116 63	295 -	1 <b>2</b> 9 7	2 -	- -	149 57
BEDROOMS														
None	- 14 48 55 21 5	10 10 - 6	- 4 30 18 5	- 8 35 3	- - 2 7 5	-	10000— 21 100 31 900 27 300 62 500	63 238 216 73 13	50 87 38 4 -	11 133 105 35 11	2 18 71 34 2 9	- 2 - -	- - - -	58 112 171 178 176 263
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	8 2 19 5 30 79	- - 3 23	- - 2 28 27	3 - 17 - 2 24	5 2 2 - - 5	-	82 000 77 500 34 800 10000— 21 000 21 300	96 38 64 57 107 250	34 6 2 - 37 100	21 24 31 70 145	58 11 38 24 - 5	- - 2 -	- - - -	215 175 213 177 123 113
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile hame or trailer	143 	26 	57 • • •	46 	14 	-	25 100	239 355 18	49 124 6	145 138 12	43 93 -	2 - -	= =	151 126 123

## Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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## **REGIONS**

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

#### **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

#### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

## **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

#### SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

#### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

# Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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Spanish/Hispanic Origin of		Percentage of House-	D -
the Householder	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B-7
Limitations of the Data		Rent	D /
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holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of	n	GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5	The 1000 consultations and tracted a	rimo-il
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	ппап

B-6

through self-enumeration. The principal

CHARACTERISTICS.....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooning Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who idid not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Ifilipino) were classified accordingly. For gexample, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" ulation and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" prace category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

#### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

#### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built: The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

**Passenger Elevator**—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

#### PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

#### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Value**—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income 'in kind' from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

## Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted	Related children under 18 years										
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more		
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••				
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	• • •	• • • •		
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •		
2 persons	4,723	4,723							• • •			
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •								
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••		
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						• • •		
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525			• • •			
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512					
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429				
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835			
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024		



# Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

### **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

## Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and v:

Se 
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval Interpolate as before to about N/2. obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

#### Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type The second stage used two groups. householders and nonhousegroups: holders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

#### **PERSONS**

## Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

> Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group	
-------	--

Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2 3	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
0.40	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
17-52	gories as groups 1 to 16
	gories as groups i to 10
	Black Race
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
00 0 1	categories as groups 1 to 32
	Satisfication of the special section of the section
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	American Indian, Eskimo, or
	Aleut Race
97-128	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

not listed above)

Other Race (includes those races

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

## OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

## Stage I-Type of Household

Group Housing Units With a Family

	,
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
0 10	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	m nousing unit
	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit

## 11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	Renter
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

#### VACANT HOUSING UNITS

#### Group

1 Vacant for Rent2 Vacant for Sale3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renter-The assignment of occupied unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

## Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16
250	25	30 35	35 45	35 45	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35
1 000	_	-	55	65 80	65 95	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150 210	160 220	160 220	160	160 220	160 220	160
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230 250	250 310	270 340	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350
75 000	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630 790	670 970	700 1 090	700 1 100	710
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> .	-	1 120	1 500	1 540 2 120	1 570
5 000 000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3 540	4 470 5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

## Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

<sup>2/</sup> The total count of housing units in the area.

# Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

	Less than	19 to 33	More than
Characteristic	19 Percent	Percent	33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.6
Stories in structure	1.0	0.9	0.4
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.9	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for	, ,	***	***
exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5
			3.7

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Housing units	
100-percent count	Percent in somple
52 275	22.1
17 372	18.3
	100-percent count



# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12**

- **H4.** Mark only one circle. *This address* means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- **H6.** Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week Every other wer	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year 2 times a year	3 6
Once a year	12

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \{ \}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- 12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
  - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
  - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
  - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
  - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
    - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
    - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
    - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
    - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

## Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home. Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

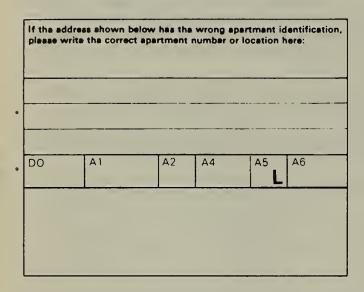
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

## How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

## Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

## Do Not List in Question 1

- . Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

## Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please.

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
   and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

Middle initi
rson in column 1:  d/wife   ○ Father/mother ughter   ○ Other relative — /sister    person in column 1: , boarder   ○ Other nonrelative - roommate   pployee
○ Female
Asian Indian r Negro Hawaiian se Guamanian e Samoan Eskimo Aleut nese Other — Specify — Amer.)
c. Year of birth
1 •  8 0  0 0  0 0
2 0 2 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0
arried O Separated
arried O Separated ed O Never married ed
t Spanish/Hispanic) exican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano erto Rican iban ner Spanish/Hispanic
s not attended since February 1 blic school, public college ivate, church-related ivate, not church-related
attended: y school
mic year)  5 6 7 8 or more  0 0 0  ittended school — Skip question 10
tending this grade (or year) d this grade (or year) finish this grade (or year)

Page 3

PERSON in column 7 List name	If you listed more than	R HOUSEHOLD
If relative of person in column 1:  O Husband/wife   O Father/mother O Son/daughter   Other relative O Brother/sister		H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?  O No O Yes, a condominium  H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
If not related to person in column 1:  O Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative, Partner, roommate Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?  Yes  No
Male Female  White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?  O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.  No  No  H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  One O 2 apartments or living quarters  3 apartments or living quarters	M11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —  What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?  Do not answer this question if this is —  A mobile home or trailer  A house on 10 or more acres  A house with a commercial establishment
PrInt tribe →  a. Age at last birthday  b. Month of birth  birth  1	<ul> <li>4 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>5 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>6 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>7 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>8 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>9 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>10 or more apartments or living quarters</li> <li>This is a mobile home or trailer</li> </ul> H5. Do you enter your living quarters —	or medical office on the property  Less than \$10,000
O Jan.—Mar. O Apr.—June O July—Sept. O Oct.—Dec. O Now married O Widowed O Never married O Never married	O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters?  H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathfub or shower?  O Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household	○ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ○ \$100,000 to \$124,999 ○ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ○ \$125,000 to \$149,999 ○ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ○ \$150,000 to \$199,999 ○ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ○ \$200,000 or more    H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters —   What is the monthly rent?
O Divorced  No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic  No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, have some but not all plumbing facilities  No plumbing facilities in living quarters    H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?	guide on how to figure a monthly rent.  C Less than \$50
Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year,  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	number Occupied C1 Is this uni	inits  D. Months vacant  it for —  O Less than 1 month  O 1 unto 2 months
College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O O  Never attended school -Skip question IC  Now attending this grade (or year)  Finished this grade (or year)  Did not finish this grade (or year)	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	ont O 1 year up to 2 years O 2 or more years O 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
USE ONLY A. OI ON OO	999 999 Continuation O Yes	0 No 00 999

3. Which best describes this building?	ALSO ANSWER THESE H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: trom underground nines	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke  Wood	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity — O No fuel used	I I
O A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2
A building for 3 or 4 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3 3
<ul> <li>A building for 5 to 9 families</li> <li>A building for 10 to 19 families</li> </ul>	Gas: from underground pipes	5 5
A building for 10 to 19 families     A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	○ Gas: bottled tank or FP	7 7
	O Electricity O Other fuel	88
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	99
	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
la. How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground nines	0 0
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke  Wood	I I
○ 4 to 6 ○ 13 or more stories	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	8 8
O 4 to 0	O Electricity — O No fuel used —	3 3
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	44
Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5
	a. Electricity	7 ?
ia. Is this building —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	88
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost Clectricity not used	99'
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
	Average monthly cost Gas not used	I I
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	8 8
from this place amount to —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3
○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	9- 9-
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5
	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 (
2. Do you get water from —	Yearly cost • These fuels not used	8 8 :
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	
An individual drilled well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	
<ul> <li>An individual dug well?</li> <li>Some other source (a spring, creek, river, clstern, etc.)?</li> </ul>	Yes No	H22d.
		0000
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	SSS
Yes, connected to public sewer		333:
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool     No, use other means	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms O 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	9-9-9-1
		555
B. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	7 ? ?
TIPS CONSTRUCTED ON WIND IT UNS PERMANEIRO DODGE TO OF CONVERTED	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.	888
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	Total Outsile Wilder Pripers Water.	999
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	A half bathroom has at least a flush tallet or bathrub or chause has done	
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949		
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ■ . When did the person listed in column 1 move into	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 □  . When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom	I I I
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ■  When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms	SSS
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	111 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No	I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No	I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7
<ul> <li>1979 or 1980</li> <li>1960 to 1969</li> <li>1940 to 1949</li> <li>1975 to 1978</li> <li>1950 to 1959</li> <li>1939 or earlier</li> <li>1970 to 1974</li> <li>When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?</li> <li>1979 or 1980</li> <li>1950 to 1959</li> <li>1975 to 1978</li> <li>1949 or earlier</li> <li>1970 to 1974</li> <li>Always lived here</li> <li>1960 to 1969</li> <li>How are your living quarters heated?</li> <li>Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.</li> <li>Steam or hot water system</li> </ul>	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
<ul> <li>1979 or 1980</li> <li>1960 to 1969</li> <li>1940 to 1949</li> <li>1975 to 1978</li> <li>1950 to 1959</li> <li>1939 or earlier</li> <li>1970 to 1974</li> <li>When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?</li> <li>1979 or 1980</li> <li>1950 to 1959</li> <li>1975 to 1978</li> <li>1949 or earlier</li> <li>1970 to 1974</li> <li>Always lived here</li> <li>1960 to 1969</li> <li>How are your living quarters heated?</li> <li>Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.</li> <li>Steam or hot water system</li> <li>Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms</li> </ul>	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier 1970 to 1974  When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit	I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier 1970 to 1974  When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units	333 444 555 666 777 888 999
1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier 1970 to 1974  When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 2
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1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier 1970 to 1974  When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)  Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.  No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by membars of your household?  None  2 automobiles  1 automobile  3 or more automobiles  H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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**A Rouse on Do wromer acres **A Rouse on Do wrome acres **A Rouse with a commercial establishment of medical office on the property **If a word of the property  **The were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  **A Rouse with a commercial establishment of medical office on the property of	OUR HOUSEHOLD  Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house			1						P
* A house with a commercial establishment of medical office on the property.  **That were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  **That were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  **That were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  **That were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  **Soo OR O None  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  **That were the real estate taxes on this property?  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  **O OR O None  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  **O' Yes, taxes included in payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard smuthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard smuthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard smuthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manual payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for the and hazard manuful payment (amount entered in H32c) include (amount payment (amount entered	which you own or are buying, unless this is —									
* A condominism unit.  * A nouse with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property.  * A mouse with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property.  * O OR ONe  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  * OO OR ONe  **Do you have a montgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  * ON C - Ship to poor!  **ON - Ship to	A mobile home or trailer									
*A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property  **That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Support of the property of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Our OR On None**  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Our OR On None**  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for real exists to a missing property?*  **Our OR On None**  **Support of the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for real exists to a missing property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for real exists to a missing property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for each activate was on this property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for each activate was on the property.*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Administed payments for each activate was the property.*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real exists takes on his property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real exists takes on his property?*  **Our None is your total regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real exists takes on his property?*  **Our Yes, trace included in payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real exist	In any or these, or it you									
That were the real estale taxes on this property last year?    Column   Col	matt ramily structure; s	skip H30 to H32 a	nd turn to	page 6.						
Abo include pyrment on a contract to purchase and to landers holding second or junior margages on this property?  \$ 0.0 OR O None  Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  O Yes, contract to purchase, or similar debt or yes, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  O Yes, contract to purchase  O No — Skylo to pope 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?  O Yes O No  Picase turn to page 6  FOR CERSUS USE ONIV  FOR CERSUS USE ONIV  FOR CERSUS USE ONIV    O   Z   4     O   Z   4   O   D   D   D   D										
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That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  \$ 0.00 OR None  Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  O'ves, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt  O'ves, contract to purchase  O'ves, insurance included in payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  O'ves, insurance included in payment  O'ves, insurance in	\$ .00 ON O None									
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt O Yes, contract to purchase O No - Skip to page 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? O Yes O No  FOR CENSUS USE ONLY  FOR CENSUS USE ON	What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	<b></b> -	<b></b>	٠	O OR	0 1	lo regular pa	ayment re	equirea -	— SRIP I pag
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt nor this property?  ○ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt ○ Yes, contract to purchase ○ No - Skip to page 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?  ○ Yes ○ No  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  No, insurance paid								d in H32	2c) inclu	ıde
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?  O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt O Yes, contract to purchase O No — Skip to page 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? O Yes O No  No, insurance included in payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for lire and hazard insurance on this property? O Yes O No  Please turn to page 6  FOR CERSUS USE ONLY  O No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  No 7 7 7 7 No 7 7 7 7 No 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	\$ .00 OR O None	payme	ents for re	eal estate t	axes on	this pro	operty?			
e. Des your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  ○ Yes, insurance included in payment ○ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  FOR CENSUS USE ONLY    1		0 '	es, taxes	included in	paymen	it				
O Yes, contract to purchase ○ No — Skip to page 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? ○ Yes ○ No    Please turn to page 6    FOR CERSUS USE ONLY		0 1	lo, taxes	paid separa	tely or ta	xes not	required			
○ Yes, contract to purior mortgage on this property?  ○ Yes ○ No  Please turn to page 6  □ O Yes, insurance included in payment ○ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance  Please turn to page 6  □ O Yes, linsurance paid separately or no insurance  □ O Yes ○ No  Please turn to page 6  □ O ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt								2c) inclu	ude
O No - Skip to page 6  Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?  O Yes O No  Please turn to page 6  S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Yes, contract to purchase						iii iiis prop	erty:		
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Please turn to page 6    1	Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?		vo, insura	nce paid se	parately	or no in	surance			
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No 7 77 77 77 777 777 777 777 777 777 77	FOR CENSU	US USE ONLY S.S. Yes S.S. Yes No No O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 2	000 111 222 333 444 555 667 888 999 4. 000 111	S.S. Yes S.S. Yes GQ.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	S.S. Yes O No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H324 5 1	0 I I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4. 0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
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No 7 777 77 777 777 777 777 0 8 8 8 8 8 8	FOR CENSU	US USE ONLY S.S. Yes S.S. Yes S.S. Yes S.S. Yes Yes	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	000 111 223 444 556 778 999 4. 011 223 445 5667 889 999 4. 011 233 445 667 889 999	S.S. Yes O No O GQ. GQ.	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H320 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	© I 23456739
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raga 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2:	16. When was this person born?  O Born before April 1965 —  Please go on with questions 17-33	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  O Yes — Fill this circle if this  O No — Fill this circle person worked full  if this person
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?  Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	Born April 1965 or later —  Turn to next page for next person  17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —  a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  Yes  No  b. Attending college?	time ar part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)  did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer wark.
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country —	O Yes O No  C. Working at a job or business?	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)?
a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?  O Yes, a naturalized citizen O No, not a citizen	O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time  18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?	Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.  Hours
Born abroad of American parents	If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide. ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 19	23. At what location did this person work <u>last week?</u> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
to stay?  O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959  O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	b. Was active-duty military service during —  Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.  O May 1975 or later  O Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975)	If ane location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.  a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	<ul> <li>February 1955—July 1964</li> <li>Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)</li> <li>World War II (September 1940—July 1947)</li> <li>World War I (April 1917—November 1918)</li> <li>Any other time</li> </ul>	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shapping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?  (For example Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which  a. Limits the kind or amount  Yes No	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?  O Very well  O Well  Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code  24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	21. If this person has ever been married —	Minutes  b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If In college or Armed Forces In April 1975, report place of residence there.	a. Has this person been married more than once?  Once	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.  Car Truck Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person O Yes, this house — Skip to 16 O No, different house	c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only O Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	○ Yes ○ No	If car, truck, or van In 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per.       11.       13b.       14.         No.       ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅       ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅       ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅         I	15b.   23.   0 VL   24a.   0 VL   1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	2     2 <td>2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</td>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?  O Yes  O No, in unincorporated area	7	

RSON 1 ON PAGE 2						Pag	07
c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —  O Drive alone — Skip to 28  O Drive others only	CENSUS USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person days, at a paid job or in a busines		CENSI	US U	SE ONLY	
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only  d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	21b.	O Yes	No — Skip to 31d	1	0 0	31d.	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 1 1	b. How many weeks did this person	work in 1979?	111	1 I 8 8	8 S   I I	
0 2 - 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, as		3 %	3 3	33	
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	044		Weeks	1 1	9- 9-	9-9-	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.  25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	1 "	c. During the weeks worked in 1979	how many hours did	5 5	5 5 6	55	
or business last week?	0 7 7 IV 8 8	this person usually work each we	ek?	7	7788	7	
<ul><li>Yes, on layoff</li><li>Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</li></ul>	000		Hours	')	99	9	
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979		32a.		32Ь.	
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	1 1	was this person looking for work of		000		0000	
✓ O Yes O No — Skip to 27	8.8		Weeks	2 8 8		5 5 5 5	
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —		3 3 3		3 3 3 3	9
No, already has a job	55	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.  If net income was a loss, write "Loss" as	have the daller amount	555	1 1	4444 5555	8
No, temporarily ill     No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best		666	-	6666	?
O Yes, could have taken a job	7 7	received jointly by household members,	see Instruction guide.	777	- 1	7777	5
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	90	During 1979 did this person receiv	e any income from the	999		9999	4
0 1980 0 1978 0 1970 to 1974 )	28.	following sources?		A	0	O A O	3
$\bigcirc$ 1979 $\bigcirc$ 1975 to 1977 $\bigcirc$ 1969 or earlier $\left\{\begin{array}{cc} Skip \ to \\ 31d \end{array}\right\}$	A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - person receive for the entire year?	How much did this	32c.	7773	32d.	1
O Never worked	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonu	ses, or tips from	000	_	0000	
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before		1 I I		1111	-
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.  If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	dues, or other items.		3 3 3	3	3 3 3 3	
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$ ○ No	00	5 5 5	1	4444 5555	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(Ar	nual amount – Dollars)	666	- 1	6666	0
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnersh	•	777	i	7777	5
28. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	200	practice Report <u>net</u> income af		888	- 1	8888	8
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	■ ○ No *	.00 Inual amount — Dollars)	O A	- 1	0 A 0	G
	I I I	c. Own farm	inuar amount - Donars)	32e.		 32t.	- 5
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	33	Report net income after operating exp	enses. Include earnings as	000		0000	3
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	Q- 0	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1 1		I I I	S
Describe the activity at location where employed.	(, (,	○ Yes → \$ ○ No 7-	.00	3 3		3 3 3	1
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7.7	(Ar	inual amount - Dollars)	9.4		9-9-9	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	5.8	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or n  Report even small amounts credited to		55		555	
c. Is this mainly — (FIII one circle)		○ Yes → €	.00	66	-	777	
Manufacturing Retail trade  Wholesale trade  Other — (agriculture, construction,	AF O	O No TĀĪ	inual amount - Dollars)	88		888	
service, government, etc.)		e. Social Security or Railroad Retire	ment	99	9	999	
29. Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	■ ○ Yes → s	.00	32g.	.	33.	
	NPQ	O No.	nual amount - Dollars)	000	- 1	0000	
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid	to Families with	111	- 1	SSSS	
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or of	ther public assistance	3 3 3	- 1	3 3 3 3	
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	UVW	or public welfare payments  O Yes	00	555		4444	
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No *	.00 Inual amount — Dollars)	666		6666	
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, ve		777	- 1	7777	
30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child suppo		888	- 1	8888	
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	of income received regularly				O A O	
	I I	Exclude lump-sum payments such as no or the sale of a home.	noney irom an inheritance	I I	II	III	
Federal government employee	8 8	■ ○ Yes → §	.00	5.5	SS	5 5 5	
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	3 3 3	■ ○ No (An	nuel amount - Dollars)	3 3	3 3	3 3 3	
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total incom	<del></del>	5 5	4 4 5 5	555	
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a	.00	66	66	666	
Own business not incorporated	7:7	through g; subtract any losses.		7 7	7 7	777	
	888	(Δε	nual amount - Dollars)	0.0			
Working without pay in family business or farm O	202	If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.	onual amount - Dollars)  OR O None	88	99	888	



## Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
PUBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F—1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports F-4
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports F-4
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide F—4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R2, History F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occupations F-4
nomic, and Housing	PHC80-R4, Classified
Characteristics F-2	Index of Industries and
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Occupations F-4
mates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics. F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic
	Identification Code.
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
teristics of the Population F—2 PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F-4
Population Characteristics . F-2	STF 3 F–4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4 F–5
Social and Economic	STF 5 F–5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population
Detailed Population	Counts F-5
Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF) F-5
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)F-5
Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
Housing Census Reports F-3	Samples F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Census/EEO Special File F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MICROFICHE F–5
General Housing Characteristics F-3	
Ondraster istics.	311 Proficioners
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F–5
Detailed Housing CharacteristicsF-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche F-5
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change E 3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

## **PUBLICATIONS**

## Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

is of Popud in three puter tape than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics— These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

## Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral, status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

## **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

## **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

## **COMPUTER TAPES**

## Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

## Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

## **MAPS**

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

## **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

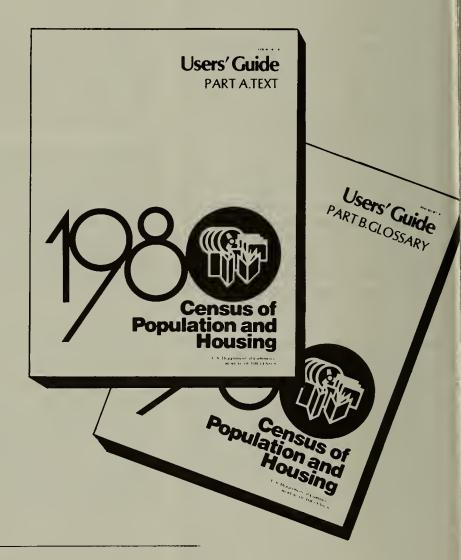
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

## **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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